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> ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT BUREAU RECORDS SECTION / CENTRAL OFFICE

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15 April 2019

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT BUREAU

Department of Environment and Natural Resources DENR Compound, Visayas Avenue Diliman, Quezon City 1116

Attention:

Engr. Esperanza A. Sajul

Chief, EIA and Management Division

Re:

Project Description for the Proposed Lugait Plant Expansion Project

Dear Engr. Sajul:

We respectfully submit one (1) copy of the Project Description for the proposed Lugait Plant Expansion Project.

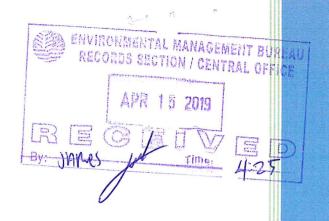
The project proposes to reactivate the currently mothballed Line 1 thru equipment upgrade to increase the production capacity from 871,200 MT/y to 1,060,000 MT/year of cement. Also, the ECC amendment will cover the process finetuning of Line 2 to support the increase of cement production capacity from 1,700,000 MT/y to 2,400,000 MT/year. The project is located in Barangay Poblacion, Lugait, Misamis Oriental and Sitio Mapalad, Dalipuga, Iligan City, Lanao Del Norte.

As part of the EIA process stipulated in the Revised Procedural Manual for D.A.O 03-30, we would like to request for a Public Scoping for the above-cited project.

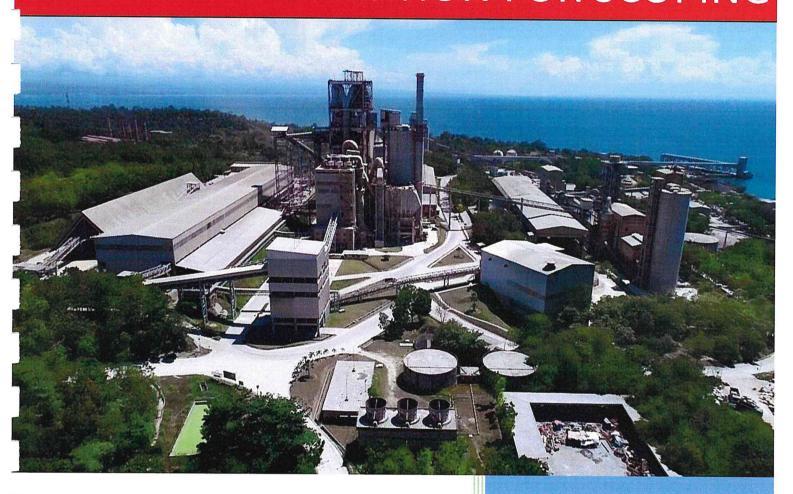
We hope you find the document in order.

Sincerely yours,

Orville B. Sacayle
Project Manager



PROJECT DESCRIPTION FOR SCOPING



Proposed Holcim Lugait Plant Expansion Project

Holcim Philippines, Inc.



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- Annex C Information, Education and Communication (IEC) and Perception Survey Documentations

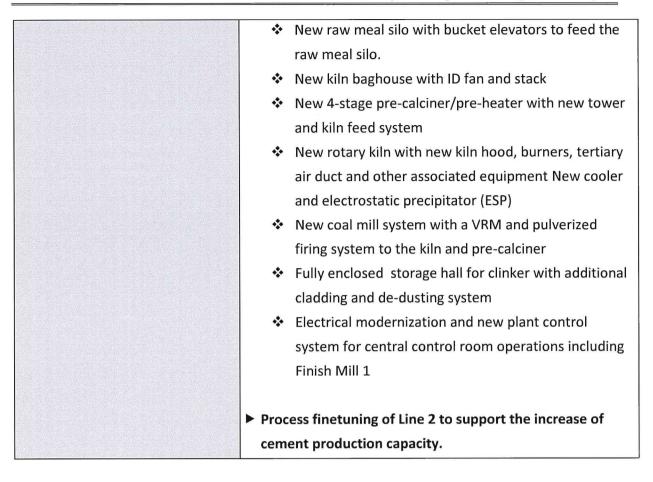


A. PROJECT FACT SHEET

I. Project Information

Name of Project	Proposed Lugait Plant Expansion Project
Location	Barangay Poblacion, Municipality of Lugait, Misamis Oriental and Sitio Mapalad, Barangay Dalipuga, Municipality of Iligan City, Lanao Del Norte
Nature of the Project	Modification of Cement Processing Plant
Issued ECC	ECC Ref. No. 9607-001-104C ECC Ref. No. 95-ECC-REC-1043-843
Area Covered	Cement Plant – 71.6 hectares Pier – 8.1282 hectares Total Project Area: 79.7282 hectares
	Proposed Project Expansion
Production Capacity	Line 1 Cement: 871,200 MT/year
	Clinker: 693,500 MT/year Line 2
	Cement: 1,700,000 MT/year Clinker: 1,300,000 MT/year
	Proposed Line 1:
	Cement: 1,060,000 MT/year Clinker: 1,100,000 MT/year
	Line 2: Cement: 2,400,000 MT/year Clinker: 1,600,000 MT/year
Upgrading/Installation of Equipment	► Re-activation of existing pyro-processing sections of Line 1 covering the following components/activity:
	 New raw material feed system which ties into the existing Line 2 raw materials system. New Vertical Roller Mill (VRM) for raw meal production with associated fabric filter type baghouse, ID fans, gas ducts, stack and associated equipment.





II. Proponent Profile

Proponent Name	Holcim Philippines, Inc.
Address	Head Office
	7th Floor, Venice Corporate Center
	No. 8 Turin Street
	McKinley Hill Town Center
	Fort Bonifacio, 1634 Taguig City,
	Philippines
Contact Person	Engr. Bobby Garza
	Plant Manager
Contact Number	Head Office: (+632) 459-3333

Holcim Philippines Inc. (HPHI) is a member of the LafargeHolcim Group, the leading building solutions provider in the world. LafargeHolcim is ateam of more than 80,000 employees and operates in 80 countries around the globe. It operates four businesses segments: Cement, Aggregates and Ready-Mix Concrete as well as Solutions & Products, which includes precast concrete, asphalt, mortar and building solutions.



Holcim established its presence in the Philippine cement industry in 1974. Holcim Philippines takes pride in being the leading cement company in the country. It operates four state-of-the-art cement manufacturing facilities in key areas nationwide located in La Union, Bulacan, Lugait and Davao. All plants are certified to internationally recognized management system standards, namely: ISO 9001 - Quality Management System, ISO 14001 - Environmental Management System and OHSAS 18001 - Occupational Health and Safety Management System.

HPHI has a total annual cement capacity of 10 million tons and a skilled workforce of over 1,100 employees. Its corporate headquarters is located in 7th Floor, Venice Corporate Center, No. 8 Turin Street, McKinley Hill Town Center, Fort Bonifacio, 1634 Taguig City.

By giving back to society, Holcim Philippines contributes to a growing economy and builds stronger and more prosperous communities, making a difference in people's lives. With market-oriented structures, new and stronger product offerings, technically skilled employees, and efficient environmental impact management systems, Holcim lights the way to an even stronger future.

1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 Project History

Holderbank Financiere Glaris, the old name of Holcim started its presence in the Philippines as early as 1970's in partnership with Iligan Cement owned by Alcantara Group and another cement plant in Surigao City, PACEMCO. But eventually opt to sell its stake in those 2 plants and concentrated in Union and Alsons in the late 90's. Holcim Lugait Plant was originally built as Floro Cement Corporation and started commercial operations in 1972 with a brief closure in 1985 and re-opened in 1988.

Acquired by the Alcantara Group of Companies in 1991 and was renamed Alsons Cement Corporation.

Alsons Merged with Phinma Group of Companies in 2003 under the company name Union Cement Corporation.

In 2005, Union Cement Corporation becomes what is now Holcim Philippines Inc. with 4 plants operating at Full Capacity (La Union, Bulacan, Lugait and Davao Plants with Cement Terminal in Batangas and Grinding Plant in Mabini Batangas.)



In 2015, Holcim Philippines Inc. became a member of the LafargeHolcim Group which was formed by the merger of cement companies Lafarge and Holcim.

1.2 Project Location

The proposed expansion project is located in Barangay Poblacion, Municipality of Lugait, Misamis Oriental and Sitio Mapalad, Barangay Dalipuga, Municipality of Iligan City, Lanao Del Norte covered by the following geographical coordinates:

Table 1 - Geographic Coordinates of the Plant Area

Point	Latitude	Longitude
1	8° 20' 6.8022"	124° 15' 14.5326"
2	8° 20' 6.8022"	124° 15' 15.2136"
3	8° 20' 5.334"	124° 15' 17.6106"
4	8° 20' 6.522"	124° 15' 17.4738"
5	8° 20' 6.522"	124° 15' 17.4738"
6	8° 20' 6.522"	124° 15' 17.4738"
7	8° 20' 6.864"	124° 15' 27.6156"
8	8° 20' 6.1656"	124° 15' 28.1262"
9	8° 20' 3.8904"	124° 15' 29.088"
10	8° 20' 1.8522"	124° 15' 30.7182"
11	8° 20' 1.2336"	124° 15' 30.834"
12	8° 20' 0.9306"	124° 15' 31.7406"
13	8° 19' 59.3646"	124° 15' 32.1912"
14	8° 19' 58.7958"	124° 15' 33.4656"
15	8° 19' 59.1774"	124° 15' 34.3254"
16	8° 20' 0.3474"	124° 15' 35.0496"
17	8° 19' 58.4904"	124° 15' 39.2538
18	8° 19' 57.9642"	124° 15' 42.9258"
19	8° 19' 54.066"	124° 15' 44.7516"
20	8° 19' 51.6498"	124° 15' 45.81"
21	8° 19' 47.5566"	124° 15' 46.6416"
22	8° 19' 46.416"	124° 15' 45.0612"
23	8° 19' 50.0412"	124° 15' 41.5188"
24	8° 19' 42.6354"	124° 15' 38.9082"
25	8° 19' 45.3786"	124° 15' 28.2306"



Point	Latitude	Longitude
26	8° 19' 45.5226"	124° 15' 26.625"
27	8° 19' 46.6392"	124° 15' 22.4856"
28	8° 19' 47.5356"	124° 15' 18.885"
29	8° 19' 47.8344"	124° 15' 17.6934"
30	8° 19' 48.813"	124° 15' 13.5936"
31	8° 19' 48.0576"	124° 15′ 13.7988″
32	8° 19' 47.2476"	124° 15' 12.9024"
33	8° 19' 45.4764"	124° 15′ 9.1074″
34	8° 19' 49.4004"	124° 15' 4.4928"
35	8° 19' 52.3236"	124° 14′ 56.4684″
36	8° 19' 53.6988"	124° 14' 54.3942"
37	8° 19' 54.408"	124° 14' 54.0234"

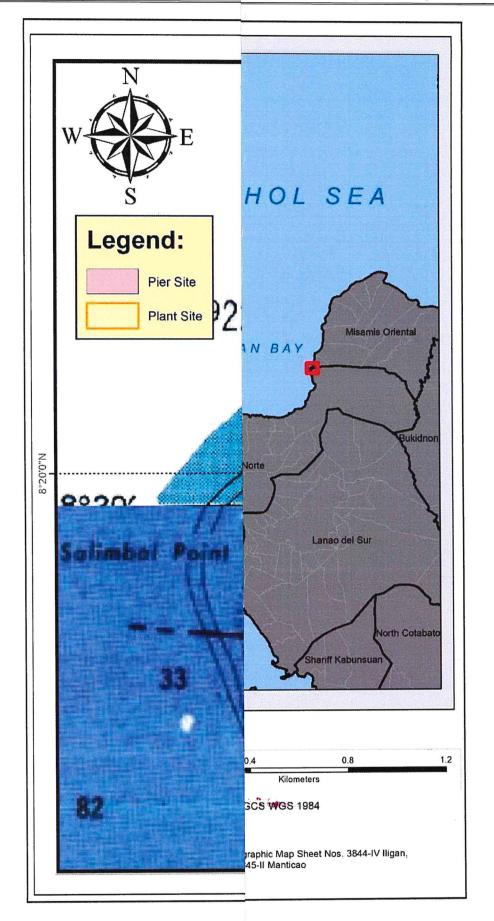
Table 2 - Geographic Coordinates if the Port Area

	- Geographic Coordinates if the l	ort Area	
Point	Latitude	Longitude	
1	8° 20' 8.7288"	124° 15' 1.5264''	
2	8° 20' 5.6148"	124° 15′ 3.816′′	
3	8° 20' 6.7884"	124° 15' 5.8356''	
4	8° 20' 7.5552''	124° 15′ 8.8632′′	
5	8° 20' 8.2968''	124° 15′ 10.0188′′	
6	8° 20' 6.9072''	124° 15' 11.376''	
7	8° 20' 1.9644''	124° 15' 3.9708''	
8	8° 20' 0.9924''	124° 15' 2.8692''	
9	8° 20' 0.1716''	124° 15' 1.4652''	
10	8° 19' 58.224''	124° 14′ 57.21′′	
11	8° 19' 57.1224''	124° 14' 54.9456''	
12	8° 19' 56.388''	124° 14' 53.9088''	
13	8° 19' 55.8084''	124° 14' 53.3688''	
14	8° 19' 55.722''	124° 14′ 53.6712′′	
15	8° 19' 54.3216''	124° 14' 52.854''	
16	8° 19' 54.426''	124° 14′ 51.8568′′	
17	8° 19' 56.1036''	124° 14' 50.1684''	
18	8° 19' 56.6184''	124° 14' 49.6284''	



Point	Latitude	Longitude
19	8° 19' 53.8392''	124° 14' 47.8932''
20	8° 19' 55.182''	124° 14' 45.5568"
21	8° 19' 58.2204''	124° 14' 47.4864"
22	8° 20' 0.978''	124° 14′ 49.2108′′
23	8° 19' 59.5884''	124° 14' 51.3924''
24	8° 19' 59.2248"	124° 14' 51.2124''
25	8° 19' 58.71''	124° 14′ 51.5508′′
26	8° 20' 5.2692''	124° 15' 3.42''
27	8° 20' 8.4192''	124° 15′ 1.3644′′
28	8° 20' 7.692''	124° 15' 0.1476"
29	8° 20' 8.0772''	124° 14' 59.91''
30	8° 20' 9.6252"	124° 15' 2.6496''
31	8° 20' 10.0212''	124° 15' 2.4228''











1.2.1 Impact Area

The area subjected to the EIA was based on the perceived direct and indirect impact areas of the proposed project. As stipulated in Revised Procedural Manual for DAO No. 2003-30, direct impact areas, in terms of physical environment, are those where all project facilities are to be constructed/situated and the designated project area. The entire area within the Project being applied for amended ECC are all considered direct impact areas. The direct impact barangay are Barangays of Poblacion and Sitio Mapalad, Barangay Dalipuga.

On the other hand, areas not directly subjected to any activities/construction and those outside the project area but are within the jurisdiction of the Municipality of Lugait and Iligan City (e.g. stretch of the river draining the project area, communities along haul roads) are considered as indirect impact areas.



Figure 3 - Project Drone Shot



1.3 Project Rationale

President Duterte initiated the "Build, Build, Build" (BBB) Program, which seeks to accelerate infrastructure spending and develop industries that will yield robust growth, create jobs and improve the lives of Filipinos. This initiative gave rise to the construction of various infrastructures such as high-rise buildings, roads, airports and even housing. In the establishment of these concrete structures/products, cement serves as the major ingredient for its creation.

In order to supply quality cement for supporting further rapid development of the country, Holcim Philippines, a member of LafargeHolcim, will execute a series of small and medium size projects to rationalize the plant equipment operation, with focus on equipment upgrading, and optimization.



1.4 Project Alternative

Since the project is already operating, selection of new project location and technology will no longer be considered. The expansion project will focus on the re-installation of Line 1 equipment.

1.5 Project Components

1.5.1 Port Operation

The project has an existing port facility covering a total area of 8.1282 hectares that caters raw materials in-loading and cement in-loading and out-loading/dispatching.

1.5.2 Non-Production Facilities

The existing and proposed non-production facilities to support the project operation are presented below:

Line 2 Existing and Proposed (No Additional Facility)	Proposed (Line 1)
a. Administration Office/Port and Logistics Office	a. Administration Office/Port and Logistics Office
b. Laboratory	b. Laboratory
c. Central Control Room	c. Central Control Room
d. Motor Control Center	d. Motor Control Center
e. Machine Shop	e. Electrical Shop
f. Electrical Shop	f. Warehouse
g. Warehouse	g. Substation
h. Substation	h. Parking
i. Rest and Duty Room	
j. Guardhouse	
k. Canteen	
I. Recreation Area	
m. Parking	

1.5.3 <u>Technical Description of Proposed Equipment Installation</u>

1.5.3.1 Plant Concept and Selection

The key performance indicators for the Lugait New Line Project are:

- Kiln BDP of 3,000tpd
- Kiln net OEE of 85%



Heat consumptions of 3,400MJ/t clinker

The project consists of the following:

- New raw material feed system which ties into the existing Line 2 raw materials system
- New Vertical Roller Mill (VRM) for raw meal production with associated fabric filter type baghouse, ID fans, gas ducts, stack and associated equipment
- New raw meal silo with bucket elevators to feed the raw meal silo
- New kiln baghouse with ID fan and stack
- New 4-stage pre-calciner/pre-heater with new tower and kiln feed system
- New rotary kiln with new kiln hood, burners, tertiary air duct and other associated equipment
- New cooler and electrostatic precipitator (ESP)
- New coal mill system with a VRM and pulverized firing system to the kiln and precalciner
- Fully enclosed storage hall for clinker with additional cladding and de-dusting system
- Electrical modernisations and new plant control system for central control room operations including Finish Mill 1

1.5.3.2 Plant Capacity

Line 1

The Line 1 is an old line and the clinker production facilities shall be revived with an increased capacity from 1,900 tpd to 3,000 tpd clinker production. Most of the equipment will be replaced with new and efficient technology. Line 1 cement production facilities are existing and operational.

1.5.3.2.1 Production Process and Mechanical Equipment

The production process will be similar to Line 2 after the process upgrades. Since both kilns will have a common raw materials stockpile and coal supply, the process will be similar. The existing Line 2 raw materials reclaim and transport system has sufficient capacity to serve Line 1 in addition to Line 2.



1.5.3.3 Technical Description

1.5.3.3.1 Raw Material Preparation

This is the existing Line 2 plant which will feed both Line 2 and Line 1.

1.5.3.3.2 Limestone and Clay Crushing

This is the existing Line 2 plant. The crusher capacity is 1,400tph which is adequate to sustain both lines with 6 days operation at 2 shifts/day.

1.5.3.3.3 Raw Material Transport

This is the existing Line 2 plant transport and pre-blend stacking system.

1.5.3.3.4 Raw Meal Preparation

1.5.3.3.4.1 Raw Material Reclaiming and Transport

The existing reclaimer shall serve both kiln lines. The reclaimer capacity is adequate to serve both lines. PLC changes are envisaged to minimize the bin change over times in the proportioning building.

1.5.3.3.4.2 Raw mill feed (Group 335)

The feed for the Line 1 will originate from the Line 2 dosing building located near the Line 2 Raw mill VRM. Two of the existing bins in this building will be used for Line 1 (as installed and current unused) and two new bins located in a new building will provide the remaining dosing bins required for the raw feed.

The limestone/clay mix and the correctives will be transported from their feed bins to the raw grinding system via an extension of the 1 primary crusher belt and a new belt conveyor system to the raw mill.

1.5.3.3.4.3 Raw material grinding

The raw mill circuit includes all material transports, external recirculation with bucket elevator and two tramp metal removing systems.



A vertical roller mill will be installed in this project. A three-fan system, consisting of raw mill fan, kiln ID fan and filter fan is envisaged for the raw mill system.

Waste gas for drying purposes is taken out from the kiln preheater exhaust (compound operation) and the cooler waste gas. At the mill outlet, the gas carrying the fine and dry particles passes first through a series of cyclones where the major part of the raw meal is separated out. The final dust removal takes place in the kiln filter.

A Hot Gas Generator as auxiliary heat source for the raw material drying in installed.

1.5.3.3.4.4 Raw Meal Transport and Storage

The raw meal collected in the mill cyclones is transported to a new homogenizing silo by means of new airslide conveyors and bucket elevator.

1.5.3.3.5 Clinker Production

1.5.3.3.5.1 Raw Meal Transport to Kiln Feed

Raw meal is transported from the silo by a bucket elevator feeding the preheater tower.

1.5.3.3.5.2 Kiln Dedusting, Kiln Dust Handling

All new process equipment including a new pulse jet type process filter coupled with a new ID fan and main stack. Kiln dust will return to the raw meal silo via a transport system.

1.5.3.3.5.3 Kiln Feed

A new contemporary mechanical type kiln feed system.

1.5.3.3.5.4 Preheating

This group consists of a four-stage cyclone preheater, downcomer duct and kiln fan.

1.5.3.3.5.5 *Pre-calcining*

This will be constructed in the preheater tower.



1.5.3.3.5.6 Kiln

This group consists of a rotary kiln (3 pier), including all refractory, cooling fans etc. The kiln drive will be upgraded to AC VFD. A new thruster system will be installed and major replacements of the shell, tires, rollers and girth gear drive system will be undertaken. A new firing system, kiln hood, TAD will be installed.

1.5.3.3.5.7 Clinker Cooler

Existing CPAG cooler will be replaced with a 4th generation cooler. The cooler will have a hot gas take off to supply the raw mill.

1.5.3.3.5.8 Kiln Firing

A new high momentum burner for traditional fuels as main fuel and light fuel oil for start-up will be installed.

1.5.3.3.5.9 Clinker Transport and Storage

The clinker is transported to the storage hall via a new transport conveyor. The existing storage hall is currently arranged for both clinker and raw materials. After the re-activation, the hall will cater only for clinker and FM1 additives.

The existing storage hall will be fully enclosed with additional cladding and de-dusting to address any potential fugitive dust issues.

Line 2

The existing Line 2 operations shall utilize the same process and equipment with increase in clinker and cement production capacity. This will be achieved through process optimization. The increase in clinker production will be mainly driven by process optimization of existing kiln cooler to improve efficiency and optimize heat recovery such as direct aeration process, clinker crushing and cooler water spray optimization. On cement production, this will be driven mainly by process will be mainly optimization of existing ventilation fans to increase gas velocity inside the mill and improve feed transport system to increase cement mill production rate.



Table 3 - Existing and Proposed Line 1 Component

222220	LINE 1 Existing	ng	LINE 1 Proposed	pasc
Flant Process	Equipment	Description	Equipment	Description
Raw Material Preparation				
Pre-blended Crushing	Roller Crusher	shared with Line 2	Roller Crusher	shared with Line 2
Additive Premix Crushing/Drying	Impact Crusher/Dryer	250tph	Impact Crusher/Dryer	250 TPH
Pre-blending Storage	Storage Building	shared with Line 2 Storage Building	Storage Building	shared with Line 2
Raw Meal Preparation				
Raw Meal Grinding	Vertical Roller Mill (VRM)	n/a	Vertical Roller Mill (VRM)	240 tph
Homogenization Silo and Storage	Raw Meal Silo	n/a	Raw Meal Silo	5,000 tons
Correctives Storage	Correctives Storage	shared with line 2	shared with line 2 Correctives Storage	shared with line 2
Clinker Manufacture				
Pre-heating	Pre-heater tower	n/a	Pre-heater tower	4-stage cyclone system w/ pre-calciner
Rotary Kiln	Rotary Kiln	n/a (1,900 TPD)	Rotary Kiln	3,000 TPD
Fuel Preparation	Coal Mill (VRM)	n/a	Coal Mill (VRM)	22 tph
Clinker Cooling	Clinker Cooler	n/a	Clinker Cooler	3,000 tpd
Clinker Storage	Clinker Silo		Clinker Silo	
Fuel Storage	Coal, AFR and Oil & Other Fuels Storage Buildings/Yard	shared with Line 2	shared with Line 2 Coal, AFR and Oil & Other Fuels Storage Buildings/Yard	shared with Line 2
Cement Production				
Cement Grinding (Ball Mills)	Finish Mill 1	110 TPH	Finish Mill 1	120 TPH
Pe-grinding	Pe-grinding		Pe-grinding	
Cement Storage	Cement Storage		Cement Storage	
Additives Storage	Additives Storage		Additives Storage	

Table 4 - Existing and Proposed Line 2 Component

200000 \$00 G	TINE	LINE 2 Existing	I INE 2 Bronocod
Flant Process	Equipment	Description	LINE 2 FIOPOSEU
Raw Material Preparation			
Pre-blended Crushing	Roller Crusher	1,400 TPH, 100 mm size	
Additive Premix Crushing/Drying	Impact Crusher/Dryer	350 TPH, 25 mm szize	same
Pre-blending Storage	Storage Building	$2 \times 35,000$ metric tons	
Raw Meal Preparation			
Preblended, Additives and Mill Feed Transport	t Bedeschi Reclaimer	630 ТРН	
Raw Meal Grinding	Vertical Roller Mill (VRM)	330 ТРН	
Homogenization Silo and Storage	Raw Meal Silo	10,000 metric tons	8
		1 X 1,100 metric tons (iron slag)	34116
Correctives Storage	Corrective Storage	1 X 4,000 metric tons (silica)	
		1 X 3,400 metric tons (limestone)	
Clinker Manufacture			
Pre-heating	Pre-heater tower	Twin String 4-stage cyclone system	same
Rotary Kiln	Rotary Kiln	3,562 TPD	4,300 TPD
Gas Conditioning	Gas Conditioning Tower	Dual fluid system	
Fuel Preparation	Coal Mill (VRM)	25 ТРН	same
Clinker Cooling	Clinker Cooler	Static Inlet & Chamber Aeration	

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2200000	TINE	LINE 2 Existing	I INE 2 Brossond
rialit Process	Equipment	Description	LINE Z FIOPOSEU
Clinker Storage	Clinker Silo	1 x 32,000 metric tons	
		(for off-spec clinker)	
Fuel Storage	Coal, AFR and Oil & Other	1 X 60,000 metric tons (coal) 1 x 800 metric tons (AFR)	
	Fuels Storage Buildings/Yard	1 x 450,000 liters Tank (Oil)	
Cement Production			
Cement Grinding (Ball Mills)	Finish Mill 2	110 ТРН	135 TPH
	Finish Mill 3	110 TPH	135 TPH
Pe-grinding	Pre-Grinder (VRM)	220 ТРН	
Cement Storage	Cement Silos	$4 \times 4,300$ metric tons	
		$3 \times 11,500$ metric tons	same
	Additive Rins	$2 \times 70 t$ gypsum, $2 \times 90 t$ additive,	
Additives Storage		1 X 20 t bin slag/fly ash	
Cement Packing			
Cement Bagging	Rotonackers	3 X 2,200 bags / hour	
		1 X 3,200 bags / hour	
Palletizing	Palletizer	3,200 bags/hour	same
Bulk Truck Loading	Bulk Truck Loading Facility	(at 11,500 MT silo)	
Bulk Ship Loading	Bulk Ship Loading Facility	(1,000 TPH for 20,000 DWT vessel)	



1.5.4 Pollution Control Devices

Table 3 - Existing Pollution Control Devices

LINE 1 Bulk Loading Station (Line 1): Two (2) units 500 TPH Air Slide Conveyor and One (1) unit 1,000 TPH belt Conveyor served with common 66.67 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; Four (4) units 500 TPH Air Slide Conveyor served with common 66.67 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; Three (3) units 1,000 TPH Belt Conveyor serve with 93.33 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit Ship Loader served with Two (2) units 66.67 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Bag Filter Dust Collector. Crushing and drying Section (Line 1): One (1) unit 250 TPH Crusher and Dryer served with a common Electrostatic		
Bulk Loading Station (Line 1): Two (2) units 500 TPH Air Slide Conveyor and One (1) unit 1,000 TPH belt Conveyor served with common 66.67 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; Four (4) units 500 TPH Air Slide Conveyor served with common 66.67 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; Three (3) units 1,000 TPH Belt Conveyor serve with 93.33 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit Ship Loader served with Two (2) units 66.67 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Bag Filter Dust Collector. Crushing and drying Section (Line 1): One (1) unit 250 TPH Crusher and Dryer served with a common Electrostatic		
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One (1) unit 250 TPH Crusher and Dryer served with a common <i>Electrostatic Precipitator</i> . Finish Mill and Packhouse Section (Line 1):		
LINE 2		
Burning and Cooling, and Fuel Preparation Section (Line 2):		
One (1) 4000 TPD Rotary Kiln, One (1) unit 570,000 cu.m Gas Cooling Tower and One (1) unit 305 TPH Vertical Roller Mill served with common 13,583.33 cu.m/min Electrostatic Precipitator; One (10 unit 4000 TPD Clinker Cooler served with 5,713.33 cu.m/min Electrostatic Precipitator, One (1) 300 TPH Clinker Discharge Belt Conveyor served with 60 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit 300 TPH Belt Conveyor; One (1) unit 60 TPH Clinker Feeder, Truck Discharge and 1,400 Tons Clinker Silo served with common 333.33 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit 30,000 Tons Clinker Silo served with 250 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; Two (2) units 250 TPH Belt Conveyor served with 41.67 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit 25TPH Coal Mill with Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit 20 Tons Steel Coal Bin served with 41.67 cu.m/min Pulse		



Pollution			
Control	Description/Specification		
Device			
	Finish Grinding and Storage Section (Line 2a):		
	Two (2) units 110 TPH capacity Finish Mill with Fabric Filter Dust Collector System; One (1) unit 300 TPH Belt Conveyor served with 333.33 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; Two (2) units 150 TPH Reversible Belt Conveyor and One (1) unit 70 Tons and 90 Tons Steel Additive Bin served 333.33 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit Vertical Roller Mill 220 TPH capacity served with 725 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector.		
	Finish grinding and Storage Section (Line 2b):		
	One (1) unit 250 TPH Belt Feeder served with 60 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit 200 Tons Steel Clinker Bin; One (1) unit 385 TPH Chain Bucket Elevator and One (1) common 725 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector.		
	Material Proportioning, Raw Grinding and Homogenizing Section (Line 2a):		
	Three (3) units 660 TPH sealed Reversible Belt Conveyor; One (1) unit 200 Tons cap. Steel Bin and One (1) unit 200 Tons cap. Steel Bin served with common 166.67 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Filter Dust Collector; Three (3) units 250 TPH Reversible Belt Conveyor and Two (2) units 200 tons Steel Bin served with common 166.67 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; Two (2) units 180 Tons Steel Bin served with individual 10 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; Two (2) units 470 TPH Belt Conveyor served with individual 105 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Bag Filter Dust Collector. One (1) unit 250 TPH Belt Conveyor from Additive Storage to Proportioning Transfer Points served with 60 cu.m/min Pulse Jet type Bag Filter Dust Collector; Two (2) units 660 TPH enclosed Belt Conveyor from Pre-blending to Proportioning Transfer Points served with common 41.67 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Bag Filter Dust Collector.		
	Material Proportioning, Raw Grinding and Homogenizing Section (Line 2b):		
	One (1) unit 250 TPH sealed Belt Conveyor served with Two (2) units 41,67cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit 250 TPH Sealed Belt Conveyor served with 41.67 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit 400 TPH and 200 TPH Air Slide Conveyor served with common 60 cum/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit 470 TPH sealed Belt Conveyor served with Two (2) units 105 cu. m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit 400 TPH Recirculation Belt Bucket Elevator and One (1) unit 400 TPH Belt Conveyor served with common 105 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector: One (1) set 400 TPH Belt Conveyor and One (1) unit 330 TPH Air Slide Conveyor served with 150 cum/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit 400 TPH Belt Bucket Elevator, One (1) unit each		
	60 and 80 TPH Air Slide Conveyor: One (1) unit 60 Tons Feed Bin; and One (1) unit		



Pollution Control Device	Description/Specification
	80 TPH Belt Bucket Elevator served with common 150 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector.
	Material Proportioning, Raw Grinding and Homogenizing Section (Line 2c):
	One (1) unit 20,000 Tons Raw Meal Silo served with 60 cum/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit 570,000 cu.m Gas Cooling Tower and One (1) unit 305 TPH Vertical Roller Mill served with common 13,583.33 cum/min Electrostatic Precipitator; One (1) unit 350 TPH Belt Bucket Elevator (BBE); One (1) unit 70 cu.m Proportioned Bin served with common 266.67 cu.m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; Two (2) units 350 TPH Air Slide Conveyor served with common 41.67 cum/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector; One (1) unit 350 TPH Belt Bucket Elevator and One (1) unit 175 TPH Air Slide Conveyor served with common 116. 67 cu. m/min Pulse Jet Type Bag Filter Dust Collector.
	Rotary Kiln, Raw Mill and Clinker Section:
	One (1) unit 900 MTD capacity Rotary Kiln and One (1) unit Raw Mill commonly served with <i>Fourteen (14) compartment Wheelaberator</i> ; One (1) unit 2000 tons/day capacity Air Quenching Cooler served <i>with 4400 cu.m/m Electrostatic Precipitator</i> .
	Raw Mix and Cement Silo Section:
	Four (4) units Raw Mix Silo served with a <i>Fabric Filter Dust Collector System</i> ; Four (4) units Cement Silo served with <i>Fabric Filter Dust Collector System</i> .

Table 4 - Proposed Pollution Control Devices

Pollution Control Device	Description/Specification	
	LINE 1	
Bag House	Raw Material Preparation	
System	Six (6) units 6,900 m3/hr capacity high efficiency Pulse Jet bag filters for Raw meal preparation dedusting; One (1) unit 780,000 m3/hr capacity high efficiency Pulse Jet Bag filter for Kiln, cooler, and Rawmill exhaust gases; One (1) unit 17,800 m3/hr capacity high efficiency Pulse Jet bag filter for raw meal to silo transport dedusting	
	Burning and Calcining	
	Five (5) units 6,900 m3/hr capacity high efficiency Pulse Jet bag filters for Kiln feed transport dedusting	
	Fuel Grinding & Transport	
	Four (4) units 6,000 m3/hr Plenum Pulse bag filter (Anti-explosion and fire proof) for fuel grinding dedusting; One (1) unit 124,000 m3/hr Plenum	



Pollution Control Device	Description/Specification
	Pulse bag filter (Anti-explosion and fire proof) for coal exhaust gas dedusting

1.5.4.1 Solid Waste Management

Holcim Lugait practices the solid waste procedures under ISO 14001, such procedures are as follows:

1.5.4.1.1 Waste Classification (see Attachment)

- Biodegradable/ Compostable
- Recyclable: Tin cans
- Non-biodegradable
- Hazardous waste

1.5.4.1.2 Waste Segregation and Segregated Collection

- Where practicable, segregation shall be at source. Provide appropriate waste bins for all
 areas and offices, depending on the waste generated in the area. Label the bins
 according to the waste classification.
- Provide separate waste bins or collection areas for bulky waste materials such as metal scraps and wood.
- There will be segregated collection of wastes.
- Designated janitorial personnel/contractors collect segregated wastes from the production areas and offices daily. Waste handlers/collectors shall always wear appropriate PPEs.
- Transfer collected biodegradable waste to the MRF. Non-biodegradable with calorific value will be repacked at source and brought to the AFR are for feeding as fuel to the kiln.
- Where practicable, segregate further mixed wastes that were collected.

1.5.4.1.3 Waste Handling, Temporary Storage and Transport

 Where appropriate, transfer collected waste to the MRF for temporary storage until sizeable volume has been accumulated for selling, donation, and/ or disposal. Observe



orderliness and proper housekeeping in the area. A waste disposal permit shall be issued by the Pollution Control upon disposal of waste at the MRF.

- Biodegradable and Non-Hazardous Wastes
 - At the MRF, waste shall be kept and maintained properly to ensure that the orderliness and proper housekeeping is observed in the area.
 - ~ Cover the pit of biodegradable with soil for composting applying the sandwich method (waste-soil-waste).

Hazardous Waste

- ~ Temporary storage at the MRF's hazardous waste facility shall be secured and where appropriate, provided with proper containment.
- Only trained personnel shall handle hazardous wastes. Appropriate PPEs shall always be used. During handling and in-house transfer, a secured pushcart or forklifts shall be used.
- Containers & drums of hazardous waste shall be labeled with the following particulars (DAO29):
 - o Name of hazardous waste
 - Class of the hazardous waste
 - Sub-Category
 - o The waste number
 - Name & address of the company
 - Maximum capacity or volume
- Permit to transport hazardous wastes shall be obtained from EMB/DENR. For transport outside the company premises, a Hazardous Waste Manifest shall accompany the item. The Manifest shall include the following:
 - The name and address of the company.
 - The name of the waste transporter used to transport a load of hazardous waste.
 - The registration number of the waste transport vehicle.
 - The waste treatment license of the waste transporter.
 - The description of the hazardous waste transporter including its class and subcategories.
 - The quantity of hazardous waste transported.
 - The type of container used during the transport.



- The name and address of transit points and the final destination of the hazardous waste.
- The intended method of hazardous waste treatment, storage, recycling, processing, reprocessing or disposal at destination.
- ~ The company shall only utilize transporters duly authorized by the DENR to transport hazardous waste.
- ~ The Hazardous Waste Manifest shall be in six copies. One (1) copy shall be retained for reference and five (5) copies shall be sent to the Treatment, Storage and Disposal (TSD) facility for acknowledgement.
- ~ The transporter and the authorized personnel of the company (i.e. Warehouse personnel and AFR Officer that is present at the time of the delivery) shall both acknowledge and sign the manifest.
- If the company does not receive a copy of the manifest within 30 days from the date on which the waste was received by the first transporter, the company shall contact the transporter and the designated TSD premises to determine the whereabouts of the waste.
- If within another 45 days the company does not receive the copy of the manifest from the designated TSD premise, the company shall report in writing along with the copy of the manifest signed by the transporter to the DENR. The labeling shall be conspicuously marked in paints, decals or other permanent form of marking.

1.5.4.1.4 Waste reporting, Monitoring and Inventory

- Waste generated in the plant will be recorded by the waste handler and reported to Pollution Control Officer.
- The Pollution Control Officer prepares monthly report on waste generated by the plant, and then summarizes, consolidate, and submit to DENR every quarter.
- The Pollution Control Officer will be responsible in the physical inventory and safekeeping
 of identified hazardous wastes stored in its respective containment areas.

1.5.4.1.5 Disposal of Wastes

- Disposal of waste at MRF The company shall ensure that the collection, transport and disposal to MRF shall be in accordance to the following requirements:
 - Secure waste disposal permit upon discarding of solid waste at MRF
 - Indicate the weight of the solid wastes in waste disposal permit



- Scrap metal shall be disposed to scrap yard warehouse area
- Waste material containing metal shall be separated before disposal at MRF
- Waste shall be place/dispose at MRF according to its designated location
- For selling (for treatment, re-use/recycle) buyers shall be required to provide the
 company the details of their operation, including their methods on waste treatment,
 storage and disposal. Where appropriate, buyers of hazardous waste must be informed
 of the do's and don'ts associated to the wastes. Hazardous wastes are sold only to those
 buyers duly accredited by relevant regulatory bodies. Hazardous Waste Manifest must
 accompany transport.
- Ordinary Garbage (Compostable and Residual waste) disposal to company owned landfill or Material Recovery Facility (MRF). The company shall ensure that the collection, transport and disposal to MRF shall be in accordance to the following requirements:
 - Done by designated janitorial personnel/contractors provided with appropriate PPE's.
 - Secure waste disposal permit upon discarding of solid waste at MRF
 - ~ Indicate the weight of the solid wastes in waste disposal permit
 - ~ Wastes shall be place/dispose at MRF according to its designated location
- Supplier of Returnable Materials the company shall ensure that collection & transport are in accordance with the legal requirements:
 - ~ Where practicable, containers are labeled
 - ~ Secured storage and transport
 - Appropriate PPE's are used during handling
- Treatment before Disposal/ Discharge the treatment technology to be used, at minimum, shall satisfy applicable legal requirements.
 - Wastewater generated from washing chemicals/oil containers and contaminated wastes will be neutralized and diluted on site before being directed to the sewer.
 - Used chemicals will be neutralized and diluted on site before being directed to the sewer.
 - Chemical containers classified as hazardous will be punctured at the bottom before disposal to ensure that these are not used for food or water storage.



1.5.4.2 Waste Water Facility

Lugait Plant has specific treatment facilities depending on the wastewater source and characteristics. Currently, the Plant uses the following facilities for treatment and will utilized the same facilities for the proposed expansion:

- Oil/Water Separators for the removal of oil and grease derived from equipment cooling and washing;
- Septic Tanks for treatment of toilet wastes (sewage)
- Waste Water Treatment Facility;
- Grease Traps for removal of grease, oil and/or solids from kitchen washings; and
- Settling/Siltation Ponds for and soil/cement particles i.e. from roads and other material runoff

The company make sure that the above facilities are operating within the prescribed standard of DENR.

1.5.5 Utilities

1.5.5.1 Water Requirement

Lugait plant source its water mainly from groundwater/deep well with average water withdrawal for industrial and domestic use of approximately 35,000 cubic meters per month. The deep wells are owned and operated by the plant with approved permits from National Water Regulatory Board (NWRB). With the new Line 1, the water consumption will double and will still be within the allowable withdrawal limits set by NWRB. The plant is equipped with water recycling facility for cooling process and shall continuously improve its processes to increase operational efficiency and reduce water consumption.

1.5.5.2 Fuel Requirement

Line 2 currently utilizes a mix of Indocoal and Semirara coal at 80:20 to up to 70/30 mix. Use of petcoke is also considered for the near future. Alternative fuel is also being utilized at average of 18-20% thermal substitution rate (TSR).

The typical characteristics of the coal are shown in the following table:



Table 5 - Fuel Characteristic

	Unit	Indo Coal	Semirara	Petcoke
Net Colorific	Kj/kg	24,386	21,117	34,608
Value				
Volatiles (dry)	%	41.2	39.8	11.7
Ash Content (dry)	%	6.4	5.1	0.3
Sulfur (dry)	% max	1.7	0.4	8.9
Total Moisture	% H₂O	12.8	29.1	8.2
Inherent Moisture	% H₂O	5.5	13.9	
HGI		49	49	62

The average volume considering the increase in clinker capacity is shown in the following table:

Volume	Indo Coal (75%)	Semirara Coal (25%)	AFR
Metric Tons	139,300	46,360	87,330

Line 1 will utilize the high VCM Indonesian coal used by Line 2 at annual average volume of 153,000 metric tons. Alternative fuel use is not yet oreseen.

1.5.5.3 Power Requirement

The main power supply is connected from NGCP control centre 69kV substation to the Line 1 switchyard via 4.5 km of poles and wire 3- phase power transmissions highways. The electrical power supply is contracted with MORESCO 1 utility company. The current operation requires 26 MW to operate the project. To support the operation of Line 1 reactivation, the power requirement will increase to 40 MW.

1.6 Process Technology Options

1.6.1 <u>Line 1 Existing and Proposed Operation</u>

Lugait Line 1 raw meal grinding and clinkering are not operational and equipment were mothballed. The project proposes to revive the Line 1 to replace the imported clinker being utilized in the current Line 2 operations. The Line 1 will also be using the dry process.



The pre-blended raw materials such as limestone and shale (93%), corrective limestone (5%), silica sand (1.8%) and copper slag (0.7%) will be coming from existing Line 2. Limestone and shale will be supplied by HMDC with quarry near the plant while silica sand and copper slag are purchased.

Current Operation	Proposed Operation
Raw	Meal Preparation
No operation	Raw Mill Feed
	The feed for Line 1 shall originate from the Line 2 dosing building located near the Line 2 Raw Mill VRM. Two of the existing bins in this building will be used for Line 1 (as installed and current unused) and two new bins located in a new building will provide the remaining dosing bins required for the raw feed.
	The limestone/clay mix and the correctives will be transported from their feed bins to the raw grinding system via an extension of the Line 1 primary crusher belt and a new belt conveyor system to the raw mill.
No operation	Vertical Roller Mill (VRM)
	The proportioned raw materials are ground in a Vertical Roller Mill (VRM) with target minimum fineness of 14% residue on a 90-micron sieve. A three-fan system, consisting of raw mill fan, kiln ID fan and filter fan is envisaged for the raw mill system.
	Waste gas for drying purposes is taken out from the kiln preheater exhaust and Clinker Cooler exhaust (compound operation). At the mill outlet, the gas carrying the fine and dry particles passes first through a series of cyclones where the major part of the raw meal is separated out. The final dust removal takes place in the kiln exhaust filter. A Hot Gas Generator will also be installed as auxiliary heat source for the material drying. A set of belt conveyors transport the coarse material rejected from the mill to a recirculation bucket elevator for its reintroduction to the mill feed conveyor.
No operation	Raw Meal Transport and Storage



collected in the mill cyclones is the New homogenizing silos by a conveyors and bucket elevator. sport to Kiln Feed nomogenizing silo the raw meal is et of air slides and lifted-up by the transport bucket elevators. Raw ted from the homogenizing silos by m to the new kiln feed bucket. Kiln Dust Handling quipment of the preheater exhaust the process gas ducts and the main e-jet type filter) including filter fan
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quipment of the preheater exhaust the process gas ducts and the main e-jet type filter) including filter fan
he process gas ducts and the main e-jet type filter) including filter fan
ng mill-off operation the preheater be cooled down in the downcomer y fresh air intake before filter shall cool down the preheater exhaust direct operation and up-set
transported via air slides and bucket top stage cyclones of the preheater meal feed-rate to the pre-heater is as a stand-by system a flow meter d. The raw meal is lifted to the pre- means of a bucket elevator.
et elevator, a set of airslides will raw meal to the pre-heater inlets. are to be installed at the pre-heater.
ing 4-stage cyclone preheater, act and ID fan will be installed. The II be equipped with meal split 4-stages operation, to provide for drying of raw materials during i.e. the kiln feed can be fully or the second highest stage.
i



Current Operation	Proposed Operation
	This group consists of an in-line low NOx precalciner with controlled hot-spot, tertiary air duct (from the kiln hood). It is envisaged to use coal and petcoke as traditional fuel for the burning process. Light oil is used for kiln start-up. Fuel rate to precalciner (normal operation): ≤ 60 % of total fuel energy requirement.
No Operation	Rotary Kiln
	The rotary kiln will operate from 0.8 to 4.0 rpm with a rated capacity of 3,000 tons per day. The precalcined raw meal flows down the kiln until it is completely calcined. The calcined material flows farther down the kiln until it reaches the burning zone with a temperature of 1350 to 1450 °C. Here, the material melts to form the clinker. The clinker is initially cooled at the cooling zone of the kiln before it drops to the clinker cooler.
No Operation	Clinker Cooler
	The rotary kiln is to be equipped with grate cooler including cooling fans with a heat recuperation rate higher than 70 % and equipped with roller crusher.
No Operation	Kiln Firing
	This group includes a high momentum burner for traditional fuels as main fuel and light fuel oil for start-up. It is envisaged to use coal and petcoke traditional fuel for the burning process. Diesel oil is also used for the kiln start-up and for emergency in case of lack of solid fuel.
No Operation	Clinker Transport and Storage
	The clinker from the clinker cooler and crusher is transported with a new apron conveyor to the new clinker silo, which will be connected to the existing clinker silo. An inclined deep pan apron conveyor is to be installed under the clinker cooler roller crusher discharge, for transporting of the clinker to the clinker silos.
No Operation	Coal Grinding
	From the feed bins the raw fuel is transported to the new vertical roller mill. For fuel grinding a single



Current Operation	Proposed Operation
	vertical roller mill complete with separator is considered. The grinding table and the mill fan will be equipped with VSD. Inert preheater exhaust gases are used for material drying.
	The raw fuel bins are equipped with extraction Belt conveyors feeding fuels to the mill feed screw conveyors.
	Ground fine fuels are collected in a bag filter, which is designed for fine fuels. The filter is equipped with a filter fan and stack.
No Operation	Coal Transport and Storage
	From the mill bag filter, the fine coal will be transferred to the two fine fuel storage silos by means of a screw conveyor. A coal sampler is to be installed after the screw conveyor. The fine fuel storage silos are mounted on weigh cells. Integration with CO2 combustion suppression systems. Bag filter(s) as required are mounted on bin roofs. The bins will be carefully designed as mass flow bins (total activation of all the materials stored in the bin). It will be equipped with Gas Analyzer.
Cem	ent Production
Finish Mill 1	
FM1 is a 110-tph, Polysius Double Rotator, two-compartment tube mill equipped with a 1st generation turbo separator. It is 4.4 m in diameter and 14.0 m in length.	The 2 1st generation Turbo separators shall be replaced with a 3rd generation separators to increase cement mill production rate. The resulting production rate shall increase to 120 TPH.
Clinker, additive limestone, additive premix and gypsum are extracted from the storage hall by an overhead crane then put in their respective hoppers. Vibratory feeders and belt conveyors transport these materials to proportioning bins and proportioned by weigh feeders before they are simultaneously fed to the mill to produce	
Portland cement. The finished product is conveyed either by a pneumatic pump or	



Current Operation	Proposed Operation
belt conveyors into the cement silos for storage prior to packing.	
FM1 has also a separate facility for fly ash dosing. Fly ash is delivered to the plant by bulk trucks then stored in the fly ash bin. From the bin, it is conveyed by airslide and screw conveyor to the mill feeding system at a flow rate set through the speed of the rotary feeder.	

1.6.2 <u>Line 2 Existing and Proposed Operation</u>

Holcim Philippines Inc., Lugait Plant has one operating line (Line 2) using the dry process. In this process, raw grinding is done without the aid of water to produce the raw mix.

The raw materials are pre-blended with limestone and shale (93%), corrective limestone (5%), silica sand (1.8%) and copper slag (0.7%). Limestone and shale are supplied by Holcim Mining and Development Corp (HMDC) with quarry near the plant while silica sand and copper slag are purchased.

Current Operation	Proposed Operation
Raw Material Preparation (Crushing)	No changes
Pre-blended Crushing	
Quarried limestone and shale are dumped into separate receiving hoppers, conveyed and proportioned at 70% -80% limestone and 20-30% % shale by individual apron feeders and discharged into a 1120-TPH Roller Crusher where the materials are crushed and reduced to less than 100-mm size particles. The crushed materials pass through a cross belt analyzer (PGNAA) while they are transported by series of long belt conveyors, received and stacked by a stacking equipment (Stacker) to a pre-blending yard. These materials are supplied by HMDC and delivered in the plant. Corrective and Additive Limestone and premix Crushing	



Current Operation	Proposed Operation
Corrective and additive limestone and premix (70 pozzolana/30 limestone) are crushed separately and stacked in separate piles in a different storage shed.	
Additive Limestone and Additive Premix	
Crushing/Drying	
Additive limestone and additive premix (LST and Pozzolana) for cement grinding are crushed and dried by an Impact Crusher/Dryer with a capacity of 350 tph @ 4-8% H ₂ O for limestone and 14% for pozzolana.	
Quarried limestone and crushed premix from	
the additive storage are transported by dumptrucks into the hopper, crushed up to a	
maximum size of 25 mm and 8/14% moisture	
then conveyed by belt conveyors and stacked separately in the storage hall.	
Raw Meal F	Preparation
Preblended, Additives and Mill Feed	No changes
Transport	
Preblended material is reclaimed by Bedeschi Reclaimer with a capacity of 630 tph and transported by belt conveyors to a bin in Raw Material Proportioning building.	
Corrective limestone, silica and copper slag are transported from the additive storage by a payloader that loads these materials to the hoppers with belt feeders then to belt conveyors until they reach to their respective feed bins in Raw Material Proportioning building.	
These materials are proportioned by weigh feeders before they are simultaneously fed to the mill. Metal separator and detector are installed to collect the metals from the mill feed before it enters the VRM.	



Current Operation	Proposed Operation
Vertical Roller Mill (VRM)	
The proportioned raw materials are ground in a 330-tph Vertical Roller Mill (VRM) with target minimum fineness of 14% residue on a 90-micron sieve. The materials are introduced into the mill from the top, falling centrally into the grinding table. By centrifugal action, the raw meal is ground into fine sizes. An uprising hot air stream lift the fine material to a classifier situated at the top of the mill, where further separation of the fine and coarse particles takes place. The coarse ones return to the grinding table for further size reduction, while the finer particles are conveyed into the four cyclones that collect the raw meal from the gas and conveyed it directly to a silo. An Electrostatic Precipitator further recovers dust from the exhaust gas.	
Raw Meal Silo	No changes
The raw meal in the storage silo is then sampled to check its quality. The blending process takes place in the silo itself based on the desired holding point or lime saturation factor. Homogeneity of raw mix is maintained by means of air aeration originating from the bottom of the silo. To homogenize the material, aeration blowers installed below the silo cause continuous turbulence in each chamber. The homogenized material is extracted at the bottom and transferred by airslide conveyor and bucket elevator to a kiln feed bin. A belt bucket elevator transports the weighed kiln feed to the top of the pre-heater tower.	
Clinker Ma	
Pre-heater Tower	No changes
The pre-heater tower is a four-stage cyclone system that heats up the raw meal up to 860°C. From the top of the pre-heater tower, the raw meal flows counter current with the hot kiln gases. The meal is fed between cyclone #1A and #1B where it is dispersed uniformly and initially heated by the upstream gas. During the process, the raw meal consequently	



Current Operation	Proposed Operation
increases its temperature while the gas decreases its temperature according to what is required in the VRM system. The raw meal is pre-heated from 80 to 860°C as it descends the pre-heater tower. From the third cyclone, the raw meal is precalcined in an in-line calciner within the range of 85% to 95% by the heat from gases generated by the combustion of coal and hot air from the cooler. The meal-gas mixture is transferred from the precalciner to the fourth cyclone where another meal gas separation takes place. The pre-heated and precalcined material enters the kiln feed end. The calcination temperature is between 860 to 880oC. The kiln feed end temperature is maintained from 1020 to 1060°C.	
Rotary Kiln	Process optimazation of kiln cooler and
The rotary kiln operates from 0.8 to 4.0 rpm with a rated capacity of 3,562 tons per day. The precalcined raw meal flows down the kiln until it is completely calcined. The calcined material flows farther down the kiln until it reaches the burning zone with a temperature of 1350 to 1450 °C. Here, the material melts to form the clinker. The clinker is initially cooled at the cooling zone of the kiln before it drops to the clinker cooler.	
Firing System	No changes
Coal is the main fuel. However, provisions for Bunker Fuel Oil (BFO) firing are also installed. BFO is used only during initial stages of preheating and emergency situations. The main kiln burner has provisions for controlling the air/fuel mixture for optimum control of flame intensity and shape. The precalciner firing system consists of a burner placed at the center of the the precalciner vessel. This burner is designed to accommodate BFO, coal and AFR fuels. These fuels can be fired either simultaneously or singly.	
AFR Feeding	
Alternative Fuels and Raw materials are co- processed in the clinker production. These	



Current Operation	Proposed Operation
materials undergo a strict quality control before they are fed so as not to compromise our desired clinker quality. The feeding facility is designed for a 30% thermal substitution rate (TSR). These materials are fed through belt conveyors and cleated conveyors to the precalciner burner.	
Coal Mill	No changes
Coal is pulverized in a 25-tph vertical roller mill. After drying and grinding to 5% H ₂ O and 20% retained in the 90-micron sieve, the pulverized coal is stored in a fine coal bin of 100 ton capacity. The pulverized coal is fed by Pfister feeders and conveyed by positive displacement blowers to their respective firing points at the main kiln burner and at the precalciner burner.	
Clinker Cooler From the kiln discharge end, hot clinker drops to a static inlet section of the grate cooler. At a pre-set clinker bed height, the clinker is cooled down from 1200 to 90°C by 10 centrifugal fans. The air being injected at the first stage is heated up to 760 – 860°C, and then used as secondary and tertiary air sources for combustion requirements. The clinker passes thru a clinker roller crusher where the big lumps of clinker are to be crushed.	Process optimization of existing kiln cooler to improve efficiency and optimize heat recovery such as direct aeration process, clinker crushing and cooler water spray optimization.
Clinker Silo	No changes
From the grate cooler, the clinker is then conveyed by a drag chain conveyor and pan conveyor either to a cylindrical clinker silo with a capacity of 32,000 metric tons or to a smaller off-specs clinker silo of 1,300 metric ton capacity.	
Cement Pr	oduction
Line 2 has 2 110-TPH, two-compartment cement tube mills.	Process optimization of existing ventilation fans to increase gas velocity inside the mill



Current Operation

Proposed Operation

Finish Mill 2 and 3

FM2 and FM3 are both Fortus 110-tph, two-compartment tube mill equipped with a 3rd generation ONODA separator. It measures 4.2 m in diameter and 13.5 m in length.

Clinker is withdrawn from the clinker silo, conveyed by series of belt conveyors and pass through a metal separator before it goes into the clinker bin, then it is ground in the *pregrinder* to reduce its size before it is fed to the mill. Imported hopper is also provided for imported clinker. This clinker is conveyed with the clinker from the clinker silo.

Additive limestone is extracted from the storage hall while gypsum is extracted from a nearby open stockyard, delivered by dumptrucks into the additive/gypsum hopper then conveyed by belt conveyors and bucket elevator to their respective bins. These materials are simultaneously fed to the tube mill and are proportioned by separate weigh feeders. The finished product is conveyed by airslides and bucket elevator to the cement silo for storage before packing, bulk truck loading and bulk ship loading.

Pregrinder

Pregrinder is an UBE 4-roller vertical roller mill with a capacity of 220 tph. It reduced the size of the clinker before it is fed to the tube mill. A vibrating screen with 8 mm mesh is installed after the pregrinder. The fine clinker goes to the tube mill while the course ones go back to the PG.

Slag, fly ash and bottom ash facility

Slag, fly ash and bottom ash are delivered to the plant by bulk trucks. From the trucks it is pumped to the bin before it is dosed to the cement transport system.

Cement fineness is closely monitored and its strength maintained at required market

and improve feed transport system to increase cement mill production rate. The resulting production rate per mill shall increase to 135 TPH.

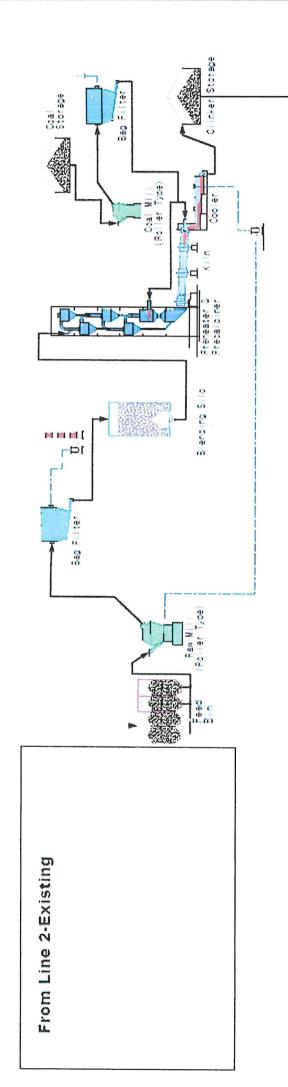


Current Operation	Proposed Operation
values. The mill system is equipped with dust collectors to abate dust pollution.	
Cement Silos	
Lugait plant has 7 cement silos grouped in 2. Four 4,300-MT capacity and three 11,500-MT capacity. Bulk ship loading and bulk truck loading are done from the 11,500-MT silos while packing is done from 4,300-MT silos. There is also an available conveying facility which can transfer cement product from the bigger silos to the smaller ones.	
Packing, Bulk Truck Packing	
Lugait plant has 4 Rotopackers, three (3) 2,200- bags/hr and one (1) 3,200 bags/hr capacity. Cement is withdrawn from the 4,300-MT silos and conveyed into the packer bins by airslide conveyors and bucket elevators. Cement is packed into WPP bag containers by four units of rotating packing machines called. The Rotopackers, with a capacity 2,200 and 3.200 bph are equipped with Automatic Bag Placers (ABP).	No changes
After filling each WPP bag with 40-kg cement, the rotopackers release the bag automatically into conveyor belts. The cement bags are then loaded into receiving trucks for distribution to customers. There is also an option to convey these bagged cement to a storage area near the pier for off-shore distribution. Cement bagging using tonner bags is available.	
Palletizer	
The plant has an automatic palletizer. It is inter-connected with rotopacker 4 and designed in such a way that one cannot operate without the other. Bagged cement from the rotopacker is conveyed by belt conveyors to the palletizer then into 48 bags per pallet before it is pulled out by forklift for storage.	

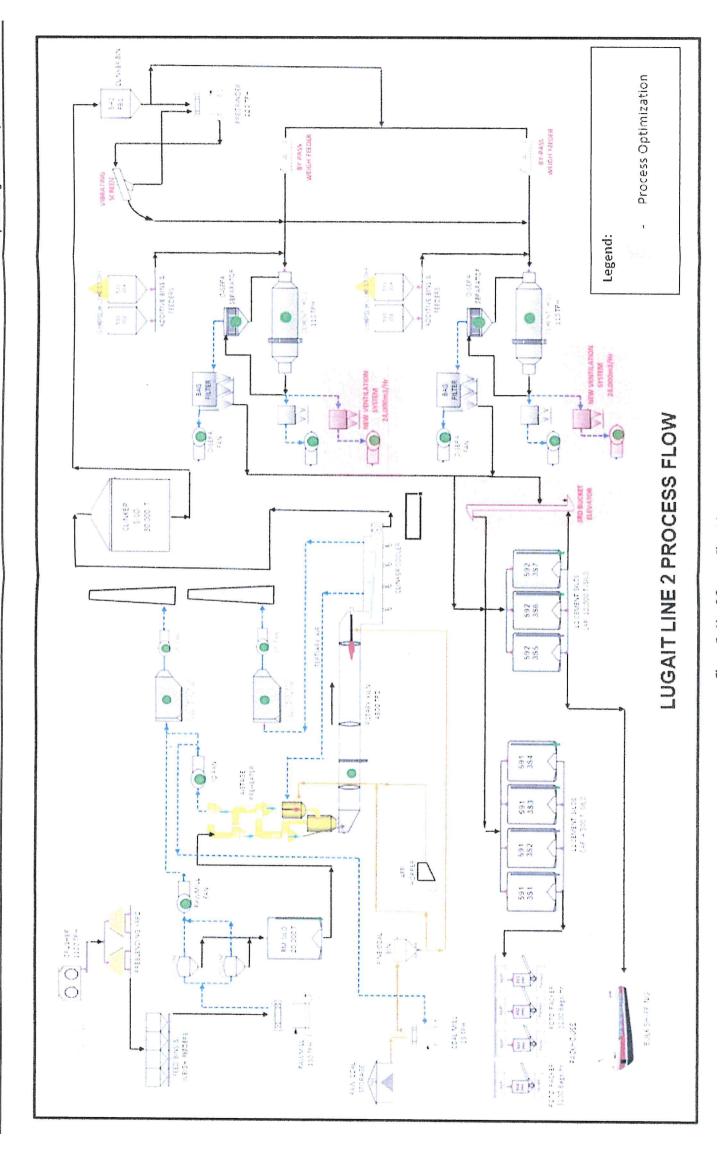


Current Operation	Proposed Operation
Bulk Truck Loading Bulk truck loading facility is only available at 11,500-MT silos, hence, bulk trucks can only be loaded from there.	
Bulk Ship Loading Bulk ship loading facility is a series of belt conveyors with a shiploader at its end - in the jetty. This is a double spout shiploader with a capacity of 1,000 tph for a 20,000 DWT vessel. Cement withdrawal for shiploading is only available at the 11,500-MT silos.	

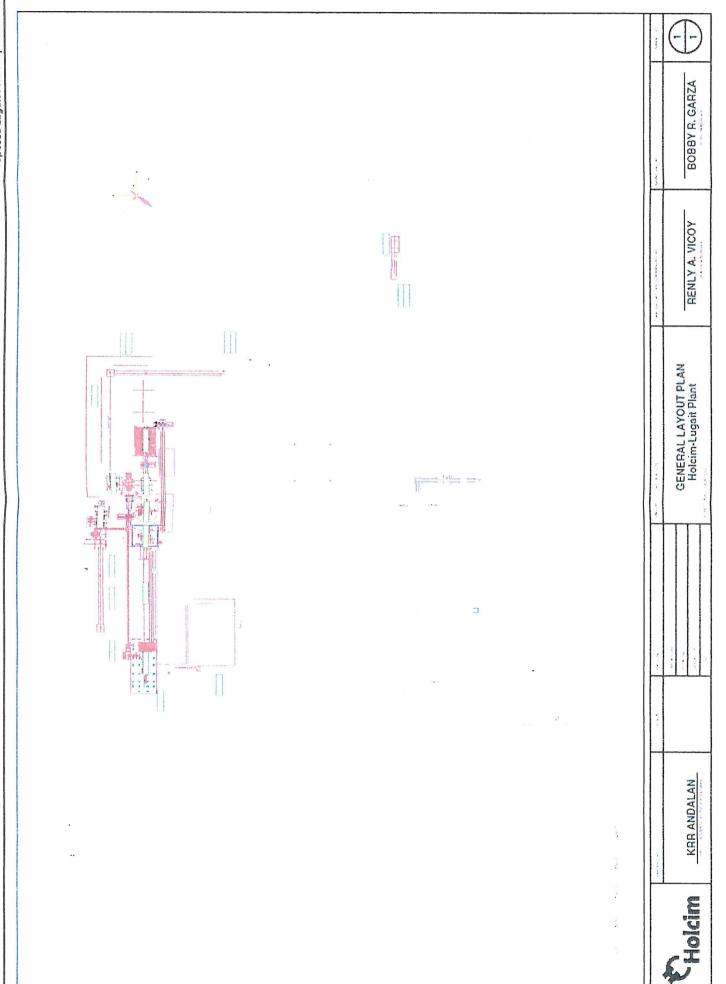
Holcim Lugait plant Line 1











Holdim



1.7 Development Plan, Description of Project Phases, and Corresponding Timeframes

1.7.1 Pre-Construction Phase

- Planning of technical design and finalization of construction method for the installation of the plant facilities;
- · Soil investigation prior tendering of civil works;
- · Securing of necessary permits.

In compliance to the commitment of environmental protection and community development, the activities stipulated in the existing Environmental Management Plan (EMP), Environmental Monitoring Plan (EMOP), and Social Development Plan (SDP) shall still be implemented.

1.7.2 Construction Phase

Construction phase involves the following:

- Hiring of qualified manpower required to complement the workers in the construction/rehabilitation works; and
- Construction of new plant facilities to support the proposed expansion.

The construction of equipment/facilities is projected to commence after the acquisition of all regulatory permits from government offices.

1.7.3 Operation Phase

The operation phase covers the production of cement products. During this phase, the company will also be implementing the activities stipulated in the EMP, EMoP, and and SDP; simultaneous with its operations to ensure environmental protection and community development.

1.7.4 Abandonment/Decommissioning Phase

The proponent will continuously operate and maintain the project as long as it is profitable and economically viable. Nonetheless, during the operation of the project, in case some of the components are no longer operational, such component will be replaced by new operational facilities.

If the proponent decided to stop the project operation, a decommissioning plan will be prepared and implemented.



1.8 Project Size

1.8.1 Production Capacity

Currently, Holcim Lugait has an allowable production capacity of 871,200 MT/year of cement for Line 1 and 1,700,000 MT/year of cement for Line 2. To support the growing demand of cement in the country, the company will re-activate the currently mothballed Line 1 to increase the production capacity to 1,060,000 MT/year of cement. Also, plant fine-tuning will be undertaken to increase the production capacity of Line 2 to 2,400,000 MT/year.

The comparison of the amount of raw materials for the current and proposed project is presented below:

LINE 2 (I	VIT/y)	LINE 1	L (MT/y)	LINE 1 + LIN	IE 2 (MT/y)
Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed
Cement C	apacity	Cemen	t Capacity	Cement	Capacity
1,700,000	2,400,000	871,200	1,060,000	2,571,200	3,460,000
Clinker Co	apacity	Clinker	Capacity	Clinker (Capacity
1,300,000	1,600,000	693,500	1,100,000	1,993,500	2,700,000
Raw Ma	terials	Raw N	Naterials	Raw M	aterials
Limest	one	Lim	estone	Limes	stone
1,876,235	2,126,400		1,483,550	1,876,235	3,609,950
Silic	a	S	ilica	Sill	ica
43,130	48,900	,	34,100	43,130	83,000
Sha	le	S	hale	Sh	ale
688,220.00	780,000		544,200	688,220	1,324,200
Copper	Slag	Iro	n Slag	Iron	Slag
20,190.00	22,880		16,000	20,190	38,880
Addit	ives	Add	ditives	Addi	tives
Limest	tone	Lim	estone	Lime	stone
169,640.00	295,050		131,140	169,640	426,190
Gyps	um	Gy	psum	Gyp	sum
76,855.00	106,650		47,400	76,855	154,050
Pozzo	olan	Po	zzolan	Pozz	olan
214,555.00	374,030		166,240	214,555	540,270
Ground	d Slag	Grou	und Slag	Grour	nd Slag
38,960.00	52,240		23,220	38,960	75,460
Fly A	Ash	FI	y Ash	Fly	Ash
12,429.00	16,670		7,410	12,429	24,080



1.8.2 <u>Size</u>

The total area covered by the current project operation is 79.7282 hectares. There will be no area expansion for the proposed project modification.

1.9 Project Cost

The estimated volume of investment for the project is presented below:

Activity	Cost (PhP)
Civil Works	264,794,700
Steel Structure	485,501,700
Mechanical Equipment	1,506,177,600
Electrical & Automation	789,282,600
Indirect Cost	305,338,200
Contingencies and Escalation	17,076,600
Total	PhP 3,368,225,100

Table 6 - Initial Impact Management Plan

Design Activity	Environmental	Potential Impact Preve	Prevention and Mitigation	Responsible Entity
ri oject Activity	Control of the Block.			
	Component to be likely Affected			
Cement production	Ambient air quality	Air pollution (criteria	Currently installed or	Holcim
operation	-	pollutants and trace	<u>implemented</u>	
		metals) from kiln operati	maintenance of the ESP	
		ons	 Proper operation and 	
			maintenance of the	
			CEMS	
			 Proper and regular 	
			monitoring at the off-	
			site ambient air quality	
			monitors	
		Air pollution (SOx, NOx,	Currently installed or	Holcim
		CO. and particulates) from	<u>implemented</u>	
			 Maintenance of standby 	
		otner process sources	generators	
			 Regular compacting of 	
			unpaved access roads	
			 Proper operation and 	
			maintenance of air	
			pollution control devices	
			 Implementation of a 	
			motor vehicle	
			maintenance program,	
			including emissions	
			testing	
			 Proper and regular 	
			monitoring at the off-	

Page 49

Proposed Lugait Plant Expansion Project

Project Activity	Environmental	Potential Impact	Prevention and Mitigation	Responsible Entity
	Component to be likely Affected			
			site ambient air quality monitors	
	Ambient sound levels	Noise pollution	Currently installed or implemented Regular maintenance of mufflers of standby generators and other pertinent equipment; Use of noise-attenuating materials for the plant structure and walling Maintaining buffer areas	Holcim
Port Operation	Water Quality	Oil contamination	 Develop and implement an oil spill contingency plan; Readily Available Spill Kits/Spill boom Continuous training of personnel Impose a policy of no shipboard waste disposal 	Holcim and Contractors
Plant Operation - Use of water for domestic and industrial use	Availability of Water Supply	Water use competition	 Continuous implementation of water conservation measures 	Holcim



Proposed Lugait Plant Expansion Project

Project Activity	Environmental	Potential Impact	Prevention and Mitigation	Responsible Entity
	Component to be likely Affected			
	Socio-Economic	Generation of Local Benefits from the Proposed Project		
		Potential increase in income-earning	 Coordination with the Barangay and Municipal 	
		ties	of	
		potential, providing opportunities to increase	sanitation, and solid waste management	
		of goods and services	■ Holcim to ensure the	
		indirectly increasing the overall wealth of the	fees of their suppliers	
		area Introduction of new	service nay be in	
		economic activities and establishment of new	part of evaluation criteria for contact	
		businesses will increase	renewal • Offer training	
		LGUs from taxes and	opportunities for business and livelihood	
		fees		
			management	



Annexes:

Annex A – Issued Environmental Compliance Certificate

Annex B – Lease Agreement Between HPHI and HMDC

Annex C – Information, Education and Communication (IEC) Documentation

Annex D – Result of Preliminary Perception Survey



Annex A – Issued Environmental Compliance Certificate

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Republic of the Philippines Department of Environment and Natural Resources

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT BUREAU

DENR Compound, Visayas Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City 1116
Tulephone Nos., 927-15-17, 928-20-96
Email::emh@emb.gov.ph
Visit us at http://www.emh.cov.ph

JAN 1 3 2014

MR. MICHAEL V. CABALDA
Sustainable Development Manager
HOLCIM PHILIPPINES, INC.
7th Floor Two World Square
McKinley Hill, Fort Bonifacio
Taguig City 1634

Subject: Transfer of ownership

Dear Mr. Cabalda,

This refers to your letter requesting for the transfer of ownership of the following Environmental Compliance Certificates issued to Holcim Philippines, Inc.

ECC Reference No.	Proponent Name	Project Location
9402-004-302	Davao Union Cement	Davao City
	Corporation	
9812-001-105	Davao Union Cement	Davao del Sur
	Corporation	
0110-740-302	Davao Union Cement	La Union
	Corporation	
(9012-000-100)	Alsons Cement	Misamis Oriental
9612-006-106	Corporation	
9607-001-104	Alsons Cement	Misamis Oriental
	Corporation	

Based on our records, it has been determined that you lack submission of proof of compliance to ECC conditions as enumerated in the attached sheet. Hence, please submit ECC Compliance Monitoring Reports (CMR) for each ECC issued with an attached proof of compliance to ECC conditions in accordance with the format as provided for in Annex 3-1 of the Revised Procedural Manual for DAO 2003-30 before we act on your request.

For ECC Ref. No. 9612-006-106:

o The ECC with Ref. No.9612-006-106 issued to Alsons Cement Corp. on 28 December 2000 was already superseded by ECC Ref. No. 0509-010-2231 issued to Holcim Philippines Manufacturing Corp. on 04 June 2007.

With respect to your other requests for transfer of ownership, this Office recommends you to coordinate with the following EMB Offices:

Reference No.	Recommendations	
CCO-2001-0012 Hg	EMB-Central Office-EQD	
ECC-10(43)05-02143915-00090	EMB-Region X	
9507-03-105	EMB-Region XII	
ECC-129908-05 0042-211	EMB-Region XII	

Further for the Certificate of Non-Coverage (projects prior to 1982), please be advised to submit the necessary documents proving that quarry area is still within the scope of the EPEP approved by the Mines and Geo-Sciences Bureau (MGB) and the production output is still the same as what is stated in the CNC.

Please be guided accordingly.

Very truly yours,

ATTY. MICHAEL DRAKE P. MATIAS
OIC-Chief, EIAM Division





Republic of the Philippines

Department of Environment and Natural Resources

Visayas Avenue, Diliman, Quezon Cily 1110 Tel. Nos.: (632) 929-66-26 to 29 • (632) 929-65-52 929-66-20 • 929-66-33 to 35 929-70-41 to 43

2 7 5003

The President/General Manager ALSONS CEMENT CORPORATION Luga-l, Misamis Oriental 9025

Atuation:

Mr. Bobby F. Sajonia

VP-Manufacturing

Subject:

AMENDMENT OF ECC No. 9607-001-104C

Dc.n Mr. Sajonia:

This refers to your request for an Amendment of the Environmental Compliance Conficate (Ref. No.9607-001-104C) issued on April 16, 1997 for the Rehabilitation and Expansion of the Cement Plant in Bgy. Salimbal, Lugait, Misamis Oriental.

Aits, careful evaluation of your application for ECC amendment and the supporting EIS Re, ort, it was determined that the proposed modifications to substitute as much as 40% of the plant's thermal requirements with alternative fuels and to set-up the solid and liquid facilities accordingly is seen to address partially the urgent need to put in place an end unmentally sound industrial waste management infrastructure. As a result, this Office hereby AMENDS the conditions of the ECC as follows:

- This Certificate shall cover the rehabilitation and expansion of the existing plant with a rated capacity of 1,900 TPD clinker and 871,200 TPY cement, the construction/operation of a new cement plant with a capacity of 1,300,000 TPY clinker and 1,700,000 TPY cement and to include the Alternative Fuel/Raw Materials Mix Revision Facilities within the existing plant;
- The plant operation shall conform to R.A. 6969 (Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Wastes Control Act of 1990) and R.A. 9003 (An Act 2 Providing for an Ecological Solid Waste Management Program);
- The use of Alternative Fuel Resources (AFR) shall conform to the prescribed procedures in the submitted document "Protocols for the Use of AFR in 3 Cement Plants of Union Cement Corporation and Alsons Cement Corporation," including procedures for preparation and pre-treatment to convert the incoming materials into acceptable fuel and/or raw material;
- Likewise, an updated Environmental Management Program (EMP) shall be submitted to the EMB to include air emissions parameters subject for sampling and monitoring ninety (90) days upon approval of this Amendment. Results of analysis of AFR materials and air monitoring, however, shall be submitted quarterly to the EMB.

Non-compliance with any of the above conditions herein set forth shall be sufficient cause for suspension or cancellation of this Certificate and/or imposition of a fine in an amount not to exceed Fifty Thousand Pesos (PhP 50, 000.00) for every violation thereof, at the discretion of the EMB in accordance with Section 9 of PD 1586.

Very truly yours,

When G. C ELISEA G. GOZ

CONFORME: pen-

Signature over Printed Name & Date





Republic of the Philippines Department of Environment and Natural Resources Visayas Averiue, Diliman, Quezon City, 1100 Tel. Nos. (632) 929-66-26 to 29 • (632) 929-62-52 929-66-20 • 929-66-33 to 35 929-70-41 to 43



ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

The Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR), through the Environmental Management Bureau (EMB) hereby grants this Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC) to the proposed Rehabilitation of the Existing and Construction of a New Cement Plant of ALSONS CEMENT CORPORATION to be located at Lugait, Misamis Oriental, after complying with the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) requirement as prescribed in the promulgated guidelines implementing Section 3 (b) of P.D. 1121 and 1586

This Certification is being issued subject to the following conditions:

- This Certificate shall cover the rehabilitation and expansion of the existing plant with a rated capacity of One Thousand Nine Hundred tons per day (1,900 TPD) clinker and Eight Hundred Seventy One Thousand Two Hundred tons per year (871,200 TPY) cement and the construction/operation of a new cement plant with a capacity of One Million Three Hundred Thousand (1,300,000) TPY clinker and One Million Seven Hundred Thousand (1,700,000) TPY cement;
- 2. Adequate vegetation shall be maintained within the existing buffer zone;
- All appropriate mitigating measures shall be instituted to minimize generation of noise, dust, silt, etc. during the construction phase;
- 4. Hauling operations shall not result to nuisances/damage from noise, vibrations, dust and other hazards;
- All raw materials to be utilized by the project shall be stockpiled/stored properly to avoid their dispersion into the environment. Crushing, grinding, sacking and other material handling shall be kept indoors;
- All pollution control equipment and facilities shall be approved by the DENR Region X and must be operated and properly maintained at all times to attain maximum efficiency;
- 7. The proponent shall put up a continuous emissions monitoring system at the stack of the plant duly approved by the EMB and the DENR Region X. Regular monitoring of kiln operation and self-control system shall be implemented;
- 8. The proponent shall coordinate with the DENR Region X regarding a joint project with the industries in the area to implement a continuous automatic/computerized ambient air quality monitoring for air emissions which shall be connected to a public information board that automatically records the results in real time for the public to see. The ambient air quality monitoring stations shall be set up in impact areas/sensitive receptors in coordination with the DENR regional units;
- All effluent discharges, gaseous and noise emissions from the plant(s) and their appurtenances shall conform with the DENR set standards; in the event that such are exceeded, plant operations shall be temporarily suspended and remedial measures instituted;

DENR Cares. DENR Dares.

TRANSPORT

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- 10. Appropriate measures to avoid spills of hazardous materials being used by the plant shall be undertaken;
- 11. Proper collection and disposal of hazardous liquid, gaseous and solid wastes generated shall be strictly implemented and the transport/disposal of the hazardous ones shall be subject to the requirements of Republic Act 6969;
- 12. The proponent shall practice water conservation and controlled extraction of water in accordance with the limits set by the National Water Resources Board (NWRB) to minimize depletion of groundwater and prevent sea water intrusion in the coastal aquifer;
- 13. The proponent shall implement the mitigating measures and environmental management program stated in the submitted EIS of the said project.
- Safety gadgets shall be provided to all workers to prevent health and occupational hazards and regular medical check-up shall be undertaken for the employees;
- The proponent shall undertake a continuing health study on the surrounding communities, with emphasis on the children and the elderly, the design of which shall be approved by the relevant unit of the Department of Health (DOH) and the EMB, the results of which shall be submitted to the DENR Region X and the EMB on a semi-annual basis;
 - 16. Qualified affected residents and women in the impact area and vicinities shall be given priority in employment and in proponent-initiated livelihood, health, education and social development and welfare services. A MOA between and among the LGU concerned, the affected community and the proponent to this effect must be finalized and carried out, copy furnished the EMB and the DENR regional units;
- 17. The proponent shall maintain a quarterly consultation with the host community especially affected parties as regards to the impacts of air quality and noise, an annual report of such consultations shall be submitted to the EMB and the DENR regional units;
- 18. The proponent shall undertake an effective and wide Information, Education and Communication (IEC) Campaign to explain publicly its mitigative measures as well as the conditions of this ECC. It shall open opportunities to educate the public especially the affected community, interested academic institutions and other parties on the environment and human health safety features of the project.

To ensure the objectivity of presentation, the IEC activities shall be funded by the proponent but implemented by a joint team of the proponent, the DENR and a local environmental NGO;

- 19. An Environmental Unit (EU) shall be created by the management to handle the environment-related aspects of the project. The EU shall submit environmental monitoring reports in accordance with the format duly approved by the EMB, to the DENR regional units and the EMB on a quarterly basis;
- 20. The proponent shall submit to the EMB and the DENR Regional units the newly established water sampling station with consideration of the point of discharge of the plant's effluents within thirty (30) days from the receipt of this Certificate;

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- 21. The proponent shall submit to the EMB and the DENR Region X an Environmental Risk Assessment within ninety (90) days from the receipt of this Certificate. An Annual auditing of risks and hazards shall be undertaken, a report of which shall be submitted to the EMB and the DENR regional units;
- 22. The proponent shall set up an Environmental Guarantee Fund (EGF) within ninety (90) days upon receipt of this Certificate to cover expenses for the indemnification of damages caused by the project to life, health, property and environment, including rehabilitation and/or restoration of areas affected by the project's implementation, the amount and mechanics of which shall be determined by the DENR-EMB and the proponent;
- 23. The proponent shall organize within sixty (60) days upon receipt of this Certificate a Multi-Partite Monitoring Team (MMT) which shall be composed of representatives from the proponent, the EMB, the DENR Regional units, the community affected, the LGU(s) involved, and a local environmental NGO to undertake environmental compliance monitoring of the project. A MOA shall be effected which shall include the setting up of a Multi-Partite Monitoring Fund to support the activities of the team including training meals, accommodation, transportation, etc.;
- 24. On-the-spot monitoring and inspection may be conducted by the DENR Region X or the EMB anytime in coordination with the concerned groups;
- 25. All other required government permits shall be secured by the proponent prior to the project's construction and operations; and
- 26. Transfer of ownership of this project carries the same conditions in the ECC for which written notification shall be made within fifteen (15) days from such transfer.

Non-compliance with any of the above condition shall be sufficient cause for the suspension or cancellation of this Certificate and/or imposition of a fine in an amount not to exceed Fifty Thousand Pesos (50,000.00 PHP) for every violation thereof, at the discretion of the EMB (Section 9 of P.D. 1586).

Given this APR th day 1997, 1997.

6 3 A 3 2 3 3 4

VICTOR O. RAMOS

Secretary

Recommending Approval:

DELFIN J. GANAPIN, JR.
Undersecretary for Environment
and Programs Development





Republic of the Philippines

Department of Environment and Natural Resources OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Region 12, Cotabato City, 9600 Tel. Nos. (064) 421-31-54 / 421-35-63

12 98 12 _____0050 -303

_DEC 1 8 1998;

Mr. Generoso F. Balmeo Manager Alsons Cement Corporation Bgy. Dalipuga, Higan City

Dear Sir:

This has reference to your Alsons Center for Technology and Research project to be located at the RCp Compound, Bgy. Mapalad, Iligan City.

After careful review and evaluation of the Initial Environmental Examination (IEE) and Additional Information (AI) submitted on the aforesaid project, this Office has decided to grant the same an Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC).

You may proceed with project implementation after securing all the necessary permits from the pertinent government agencies. Please be advised, however, that this Office will be monitoring the project periodically to ensure your compliance with the stipulations cited in the attached ECC. Further, any expansion of the currently approved operation will be subject to Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) requirement.

Very truly yours,

SULTAN LINOG M. INDOL Regional Executive Director

ce; Dir. EMB-DENR QC CENRO/PENRO XII-Iligan City file

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Republic of the Philippines Department of Environment and Natural Resources REGION X

Macabalar, Cagayan de Oro City Tel. Nos. 72-53-27; 72-62-43 FAX No. 72-62-80



ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE 95-ECC-REC-1043-843

The Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR), hereby grants this Environmental Compliance Certificate to the Pier Expansion Project (construction of Jetty and one (1) hectare reclamation) of ALSONS CEMENT CORPORATION located at Barangay Salimbal, Lugait, Misamis Oriental after complying with the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) requirements as prescribed in the promulgated guidelines of Section 3 (b) of P.D. 1121 and 1586.

This Certificate is being issued subject to the conditions as stated hereunder. Non-compliance with any of the above stipulations will be sufficient grounds for the cancellation or suspension of this Certificate and/or a fine in an amount not to exceed Fifty Thousand Pesos (P50,000.00) for every violation thereof, at the discretion of this Office (Section 9 of P.D. 1586).

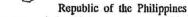
A. GENERAL PROVISIONS:

- That this Certificate is valid only for the Pier Expansion Project (construction of jetty and one (1.0) hectare reclamation project) to be located along a 485 meter strip of the Lugait shoreline in Lugait, Misamis Oriental;
- 2. That any expansion of the reclaimed area shall be covered by another ECC;
- That permit shall be secured in extraction and transport of filling materials to the site;
- That the proponent shall initiate protection and preservation of the aquatic resources and marine life found in the area;
- That suitable tree species shall be planted in double rows along the periphery of the reclaimed area;
- That materials containing putrescibles, toxic matter or any waste that will cause water contamination shall not be used as filling materials;
- That any misrepresentation or false information in the document submitted will be ground for automatic revocation of the ECC issued;
- That all other necessary clearances/permits from other government agencies shall be ground for automatic revocation of the ECC issued; and
- That transfer of ownership of the project carries the same conditions in this ECC for which written notification shall be within fifteen (15) days from such transfer.









Department of Environment and Natural Resources

REGION X

Macabalan, Cagayan de Oro City Tel. Nos. 72-53-27; 72-62-43 FAX No. 72-62-80



B. CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION PHASES:

- That the construction of project's structures shall be carries out with the supervision of the proponent to ensure optimum/appropriate engineering designs, materials specifications and standards are strictly followed;
- 2. That rock armour fencing shall be strictly implemented prior to backfilling of the proposed reclamation area;
- That mitigating measures shall be instituted to control noise, air and dust emission and other forms of nuisance during reclamation;
- 4. That dust emission, noise and other forms of nuisance shall be adequately controlled and confined within the plant compound;
- That the reclamation shall be undertaken without obstructing sea navigation and passage of local fishermen;
- 6. That solid wastes generated during reclamation shall be properly disposed;
- That no unbreated wastewater or any other types of waste materials that will cause deterioration of the water quality and aesthetic value shall be disposed into the bay; and
- That adequate lighting facilities shall be installed to avoid navigational accidents.

C. MONITORING MECHANISM:

- That on-the-spot multi-partite monitoring and inspection can be initiated by the DENR-10 anytime in coordination with concerned groups;
- 2. That quarterly water quality monitoring shall be implemented with results submitted to DENR on quarterly basis; and
- That the proponent shall put up an Environmental Guarantee Fund (EGF) to cover expenses for multi-partite monitoring, Resource Base Inventory, and other related concerns.

Given this 14th day of December, Nineteen Hundred and Ninety Five.

RADUL T. GEOLLEGUE Regional Technical Director OIC, DENR-10

Date: December 15, 1995

Grow a Tree for Legacy

FN:PEIRECC



Annex B – Lease Agreement Between HPHI and HMDC



LEASE AGREEMENT

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

This LEASE AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") dated as of ______ by and between:

HOLCIM MINING AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (HMDC). a corporation duly organized and existing pursuant to and by virtue of the laws of the Philippines with principal office at 5th Floor One Campus Place Building, Tower B, 1080 Campus Avenue, McKinley Town Center, Fort Bonifacio, Taguig City, represented herein by its General Manager, Ms. Maria Allen M. Arbis (hereinafter referred to as the "LESSOR");

-and -

HOLCIM PHILIPPINES, INC. (HPHI), a corporation duly organized and existing pursuant to and by virtue of the laws of the Philippines with principal office at 7° Floor Venice Corporate Centre, 8 Turin Road, McKinley Hill, Fort Bonifacio, Taguig City, represented herein by its President & Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Eduardo A. Sahagun (hereinafter referred to as the "LESSEE").

HMDC and HPHI are at times individually referred to herein as a "Party" and collectively, as the "Parties".

WITNESSETH: That -

WHEREAS, the LESSOR is the registered owner of several properties more particularly described in Schedule "A" (hereinafter referred to as the "Leased Properties").

WHEREAS, the LESSOR has offered to lease the Leased Properties to the LESSEE, which offer the LESSEE accepted.

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the foregoing premises and the covenants hereinafter stipulated the Parties agree as follows:

ARTICLE I PROPERTIES FOR LEASE

Section 1. Leased Properties – The LESSOR hereby transfers and conveys by way of lease in favor of the LESSEE the Leased Properties.



ARTICLE II CONSIDERATION

Section 1. Rental payment – The LESSEE shall pay the LESSOR (i) land rental fee based on fair rental value of the Leased Properties determined by an independent, mutually agreed upon reputable third party appraiser, and (ii) cost of stranded assets computed based on the book value of the Leased Properties multiplied by statistical weighted average cost of capital of 4.23%. For purposes of (i), the appraisal of the Leased Properties shall be carried out every two (2) years starting from January 1, 2016 while the weighted average cost of capital shall be annually agreed by both parties and confirmed by external auditors of the LESSOR. Real property taxes will initially be shouldered by the LESSOR and charged back to the LESSEE at cost.

As initial rates of rental payment, the LESSEE hereby agrees to pay the LESSOR, a monthly rental of Five Million Three Hundred Forty Six Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Four and 37/100 Pesos (Php 5,346,944.37), exclusive of VAT and subject to withholding tax, computed as follows:

Monthly Land Rental	Php	6,895,165.53
Monthly Stranded Cost		1,694,922.17
Sub-total		8,590,087.70
Add: 12% VAT Less: 5% CWT		1,030,810.52 429,504.39
Total Monthly Rental Payment	Php	9,191,393.83

The foregoing initial rates of rental payment shall be subject to adjustment as set forth in the first paragraph of this Section 1.

ARTICLE III TERM OF LEASE

Section 1. Term – Unless earlier terminated for reasons specified under Article VI hereof, this Agreement shall be valid for a period of twenty-five (25) years commencing from 1 January 2016.

Section 2. Renewal -- This Agreement may be renewed for a further twenty-five (25) year period or such longer period as may be allowed by law at that time upon mutual consent in writing by the Parties; provided, that the renewed agreement may be earlier terminated for reasons specified herein; and, provided, further, that the LESSEE shall convey to the LESSOR a written notice of renewal at least six (6) months prior to the expiration of this Lease Agreement.



ARTICLE IV PURPOSE OF THE LEASE

Section 1. Use of the Leased Properties – The LESSEE shall use and operate the Leased Properties exclusively in connection with its cement manufacturing and other lawful business.

Section 2. Sub-Lease - The LESSEE shall not sub-lease the Leased Properties without the prior written consent of the LESSOR; provided that in the event of a sub-lease, the provisions of this Agreement are incorporated by reference in the sub-lease; Provided further, that the purpose of the sub-lease will be substantially similar to that of the original lease.

Section 3. Peaceful and Quiet Possession -- The LESSOR shall ensure the LESSEE's quiet and peaceful possession and enjoyment of the Leased Properties and to defend the LESSEE from any disturbances and nuisances which endanger the LESSEE's quiet and peaceful possession of the Leased Properties.

Section 4. Annotation of the Agreement. -- The Parties shall cause this Agreement to be immediately annotated on the current and future titles to all the Leased Properties and registered with the relevant Registrars of Deeds. The Parties shall jointly shoulder the costs of such annotation and registration.

ARTICLE V SALE OR MORTGAGE OF THE LEASED PROPERTIES

Section 1. Offer for Sale -- If the LESSOR desires to sell the Leased Properties or any part thereof (the "Option Property"), the LESSOR shall, before offering the Option Property for sale to any other party, offer to sell (the "Offer"), in writing, the Option Property to the LESSEE at a price and on terms and conditions as the LESSOR may, in its discretion, stipulate. The LESSEE may within fifteen (15) days from receipt of the Offer, in writing, either:

- (a) accept the Offer, or
- (b) reject the Offer.

Failure of the LESSEE to accept the Offer within the said fifteen (15)-day period shall be conclusively deemed to be a rejection of the Offer. Likewise, failure of the LESSEE to pay the price, upon terms and conditions of the LESSOR, of the Offer within a period of thirty (30) days from acceptance of the Offer, shall be considered a rejection of the Offer.

In the event of a rejection of the Offer by the LESSEE, the LESSOR may at any time thereafter offer to sell and sell the Option Property at a price and under terms and conditions not more favorable than that contained in the Offer, and upon completion of any such sale, this first opportunity to purchase of the LESSEE shall cease and be at an end.

If the LESSEE is not qualified to purchase the Leased Properties, or any part thereof, which is subject of the Offer, it may assign such right to a qualified person or designee.

Section 2. Mortgage or Encumbrance — The LESSOR shall not mortgage or in any manner encumber or dispose of the Leased Properties or any part thereof to any person without the prior written approval of the LESSEE. The LESSEE may impose conditions for such approval as it may deem appropriate, including without limitation a requirement upon.



the LESSOR to warrant, and obtain the written approval of the mortgagee, or encumbrance holder, that such mortgagee, or encumbrance holder shall assume and agree to be bound by all of the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

Section 3. Void contracts. -- Any sale, mortgage, encumbrance or disposition of the Leased Premises in violation of the foregoing provisions shall be null and void.

ARTICLE VI DEFAULT

Section 1. Grounds for Termination — Without prejudice to the Shareholders Agreement in respect of the LESSOR, a Party may cancel or terminate this Agreement upon a material violation or default by the other Party of any of the terms and conditions of this Agreement and such material violation or default, if curable, is not cured or remedied within sixty (60) days from the time written notice of such violation or default is given by the non-defaulting Party.

This Agreement may also be cancelled or terminated upon mutual agreement of the Parties in writing.

ARTICLE VII REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

- Section 1. LESSOR's Warranties and Covenants -- The LESSOR represents, warrants and covenants in favor of the LESSEE that:
- (a) it is the legal and beneficial owner and shall be the absolute and registered owner of the Leased Properties and has full right and interest to grant the lease of the Leased Properties to the LESSEE;
- (b) unless otherwise prevented by Force Majeure, it shall maintain the LESSEE in full and peaceful possession of the Leased Properties during the Lease Term and any renewal thereof. For purposes of this Agreement, Force Majeure shall mean an act, event or cause which is unexpected or unforeseen, or if foreseen, must be impossible to avoid, and which is beyond the control of the LESSOR or the LESSEE. This term includes rebellion, insurrection, expropriation, eminent domain, labor unrest, lockout, work stoppage, strikes on a citywide or nationwide scale, flood, typhoon, earthquake, robbery, theft, terrorism, or any other crime; and
- (d) the LESSOR shall defend the title to the Leased Properties granted to the LESSEE under and by way of lease and to possess, occupy and use the Leased Properties for the purpose, and indemnify the LESSEE for any breach of this undertaking.
- Section 2. Mutual Warranties -- LESSOR and LESSEE represent and warrant in favor of each other that:
- (a) Each has full power, authority and legal right to execute, deliver and perform this Agreement and has taken all the necessary corporate action to authorize the foregoing;
- (b) This Agreement constitutes the legal, valid and binding obligation of the LESSOR and LESSEE, enforceable in accordance with its terms; and



(c) The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement do not and will not violate any provision of, or result in a breach of or constitute a default under any law, regulation or judgment, or violate any agreement binding upon either of them or any of their property.

Section 2. Survival of Representations and Warranties -- The representations and warranties of each of the Parties hereto shall be deemed continuing representations and warranties and shall survive the execution of this Agreement.

ARTICLE VIII MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1. Improvements – The LESSEE may make any structural changes, alterations, additions or improvements on the Leased Properties in order to effect the purpose(s) or use(s) agreed upon by the Parties and stated herein. Any permanent alterations or permanent or immovable improvements made or introduced by the LESSEE on the Leased Properties shall, upon the termination of this Agreement, automatically be owned by the LESSOR without any obligation on the part of the LESSOR to pay or refund its value or cost to the LESSEE. The LESSEE may remove all other improvements or alterations introduced by it on the Leased Properties, provided that such removal shall not cause any damage on the Leased Properties or any part thereof.

Section 2. General Maintenance, Sanitation and Repairs – The cost of general maintenance and upkeep of the Leased Properties shall be for the account of the LESSEE. The LESSEE shall keep the Leased Properties in a clean, safe and sanitary condition and introduce all the needed repairs at all times.

Section 3. Assignment – Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement, the benefits and obligations conferred by this Agreement upon each of the Parties are personal to that Party and may not be assigned, delegated, transferred or otherwise disposed of except with the prior written consent of the other Party.

The LESSEE, however, has and reserves the right to assign, sublease, transfer or encumber any of its rights and interests under this Agreement to any of its associates, subsidiaries or affiliates with written notice to the LESSOR, provided that the rights and interests of the LESSOR under this Agreement shall be respected and observed in its entirety by such assignee, transferee, sublease or mortgage, and for the entire term hereof unless otherwise mutually agreed upon.

Section 4. Return of Premises – Upon the termination of this Agreement for any reason whatsoever, the LESSEE shall peacefully and immediately vacate the Leased Properties and return possession thereof to the LESSOR in good condition.

Section 5. Indemnity - The Parties shall hold each other free and harmless from any loss or damage suffered by one Party, its agents or employees, guests or customers or other third person arising out of the use of the Leased Properties including, but not limited to, claims for properly damage, personal injury or wrongful death, or losses or damage occasioned by reason of any event or cause which could not be foreseen, or which though foreseen, were inevitable such as but not limited to fire, earthquake, lightning, typhoons, flood, volcanic eruption, robbery, theft or other crimes.

Section 6. Other Charges - The LESSOR shall not impose any additional charges on the LESSEE which will effectively increase the Lessor's expenses in respect of the Leased Properties.



Section 7. Amendments – Any amendments or additional terms and conditions to this Agreement must be in writing and agreed upon by the Parties.

Section 8. Applicable Law - This Agreement and any and all amendments hereto shall be subject to and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the Republic of the Philippines.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have caused these presents to be signed by their respective authorized representatives on the date indicated in the acknowledgement.

their respective authorized representatives of	The date indicated in the acknowledgeme
HOLCIM MINING AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	HOLCIM PHILIPPINES, INC.
Lessor	Lessee
Ву:	Ву:
Ma auer a raisi	Jones
MARIA ALLEN M. ARBIS	EDUARDO A. SAHAGUN
SIGNED IN	THE PRESENCE OF:
	6A



ACKNOWLEDGMENT

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
TAGUIS CITY)

BEFORE ME, a duly commissioned Notary Public in and for the City of Makati, Philippines, personally appeared:

Date/ Place Issued Passport Name 3-8-2014/DFA NCR South EC0516817 Maria Allen M. Arbis EC 3944235 4-15-2015/DFA Manila Eduardo A. Sahagun

known to me and to me known to be the same persons who executed the foregoing Lease Agreement and who acknowledged to me that the same is their free and voluntary act and deed, and that they have the authority to sign on behalf of the entities they represent.

TAGUIG CITY ___, Philippines.

Doc. No. 447 Page No. 92; Book No.

Series of 2016.

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Annex C – Information, Education and Communication (IEC) Documentation



IEC/ Barangay Consultation in Barangay Poblacion, Lugait

Lugait Multi-purpose Hall, Pobalcion, Municipality of Lugait, Misamis Oriental February 13, 2019; 9:00 am

Registration







Ms. Molinda P. Francisco (Axceltechs Inc.) with the introduction of participants









Ms. Czarina M. Olores (Axceltechs Inc.) with the EIA presentation









Mr. Orville Sacayle (HPHI) with the presentation of project description









Open Forum



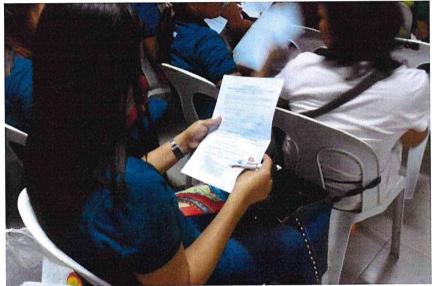






Initial perception survey









Coordination/ Key Informant Interview (KII) with MPDC Teofilo A. Augusto
Municipal Planning and Development Office (MPDO), Municipal Hall of Lugait,
February 14, 2019, 9:30 am







Coordination with Medtech Rodelyn Limocon, Municipal Health Office (MHO), Barangay Poblacion, Lugait, Misamis Oriental February 14, 2019, 10:00 am







Coordination with Barangay Secretary Mierra A. Yurong Barangay Hall of Poblacion, Lugait, Misamis Oriental February 14, 2019, 10:15 am







Coordination with the Office of the Mayor, Iligan City Hall, Lanao del Norte February 14, 2019, 11:00 am









Coordination with the City Planning and Development Office (CPDO), Iligan City Hall, Lanao del Norte

February 14, 2019, 11:00 am









Coordination with Barangay Secretary Jhenielyn Ebarat, Barangay Hall of Dalipuga, Iligan City, Lanao del Norte February 15, 2019, 2:30 pm







Coordination with Cherrylyn Pabua (Barangay Health Worker) Dalipuga Barangay Health Center, Iligan City, Lanao del Norte February 14, 2019, 3:00 pm







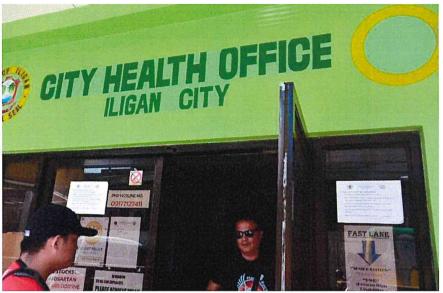
Coordination with the Lugait Municipal Police Station Barangay Poblacion, Lugait, Misamis Oriental February 15, 2019, 10:00 am







Coordination with the City Health Office, Iligan City, Lanao del Norte February 15, 2019, 10:00 am









IEC/ Barangay Consultation in Barangay Dalipuga, Iligan City

Barangay Hall, Dalipuga, Iligan City, Lanao del Norte February 15, 2019; 3:00 pm

Registration























Ms. Molinda P. Francisco (Axceltechs Inc.) with the EIA presentation









Mr. Orville Sacayle (HPHI) with the project presentation









Open Forum























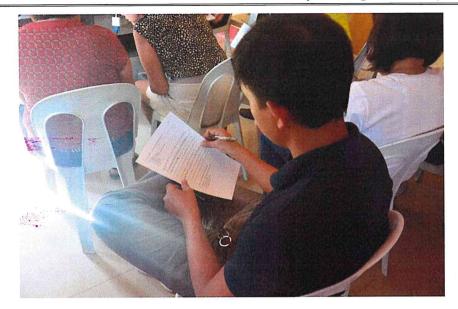


Initial Perception Survey







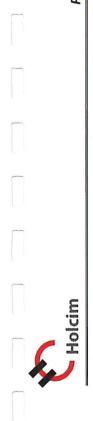






INFORMATION, EDUCATION AND COMMUNICATION (IEC) ACTIVITIES for the PROPOSED LUGAIT PLANT EXPANSION PROJECT

Jelle Covered by 150	IEC Cchodulo/Dates	Icense Baicad/ Suggestions	Drononant's Resnonse
FOOS COVERED BY IEC	IEC Scilicadie, Daics	issues naised/ subbestions	- reporter succeptions
Barangay Poblacion,	Lugait Multi-	Air Pollution	The proposed expansion will definitely address the air emission
Lugait	purpose Hall,	The project presentation may	from the cement plant wherein the machineries and equipment
	Barangay	be too technical but we only	are armed with modern technology and is fuel efficient. This is to
	Poblacion, Lugait;	want that no air pollution will	ensure that the air quality emission from the HPHI Lugait Cement
	February 12, 2019	affect the community like what	Plant is within the DENR standards. Presently, the cement plant is
		happened before in the Floro	being managed by Holcim Philippines Inc. (HPHI), formerly owned
		Cement Plant	by Floro Cement Corporation. Unlike the previous operation of
			Floro Cement, HPHI employs Continuous Emission Monitoring
			System (CEMS) where the regular monitoring of air emission with
			respect to the air quality standards is being done with the
			computer database and regularly reported to the DENR. HPHI was
			compliant with its environmental responsibilities wherein the
			impacts to the communities and environment were regularly
			monitored and reported to the EMB Region 10 Office.
		Guarantee of the people that	The proposed expansion and the existing operation will still be
		adverse impacts will be	under the strict monitoring of the Multi-partite Monitoring Team
		addressed	(MMT) which is composed of the representatives from different
			stakeholders. This is also one of the mechanisms of the local
			people to report their concerns through MMT members which will
			be conveyed to the HPHI and provide necessary actions and
			coordination for such concerns. In addition, the representative



LGUs Covered by IEC	IEC Schedule/Dates	Issues Raised/ Suggestions	Proponent's Response
			from EMB-Region 10 assured the participants that close
			monitoring on the plant operation will be done regularly to ensure
			that the different activities are compliant to the regulations and
			laws enforced by the EMB-DENR.
		Project Presentation	The suggested modification of project presentation will be
		It was suggested that the	improved for better understanding of the people about the
		project description should be	project. Video presentation will be considered in the succeeding
		presented in a more simplified	community consultation or in the public scoping.
		one and it would be better if	
		there is a video presentation	•
		Start of the proposed	The reactivation of Line 1 is projected to commence on the month
		expansion	of August this year. A demolition permit will be secured by the
			company to address the current issue on Asbestos Containing
			Materials and the decommissioning of equipment that needs to be
			replaced.
		Landslide and flashflood	The expansion consists of increasing the production of cement
		The expansion will require	product in the HPHI Lugait Cement Plant Facility. There will be no
		additional raw materials that	landslide and flashflood that will come from expansion activities.
		will be mined in the area which	However, the raw materials that will be obtained from the Holcim
		may potentially pose risk on	Resources and Development Corporation (HRDC) will come from
		landslide and flashflood in the	the mining operation wherein the possible risk of landslide and
		area	flashflood are regularly monitored to ensure that no such incident
			will happen in the area at all times. In the case of the proposed



LGUs Covered by IEC	IEC Schedule/Dates	Issues Raised/ Suggestions	Proponent's Response
			expansion of the Lugait Processing Plant, addressing the possible
			landslide and other geological hazard will be assessed and
			included in the Environmental Performance Report and
			Management Plan (EPRMP) that will be submitted to the
			Environmental Management Bureau of the DENR for the ECC
	v		amendment application for the proposed expansion.
		Educational Support of the	It was suggested that the project will continue to bring economic
		project to the Lugait Central	development and progress in the barangay as well as to the entire
		School	Lugait especially in the Lugait Central School (LCS). Hope that the
			assistance program will be extended to LCS and bring positive
			changes on the poor state of school facilities, lack of enough
			classrooms and reducing if not totally eliminated the significant
			number of non-readers among the attending pupils in LCS.
Municipal Planning	Coordination with	EIA study team activity	The study team of Axceltechs Inc. was commissioned by HPHI to
and Development	Engr. Teofilo A.		conduct the EIA for the ECC amendment application for the
Office (MPDO)	Augusto (MPDC),		proposed expansion of Lugait Cement Plant. The study team is
	Municipal Planning		conducting an IEC, where project information is being
	and Development		disseminated to the host LGUs and other project stakeholders
	Office (MPDO),		within the community.
	Municipal Hall of	Why did HPHI separated from	It is based on the Memorandum Circular released by the Mines and
	Lugait; February 14,	mining and excluded in the	Geosciences Bureau (MGB) on the issuance of Mineral Processing
	2019	SDMP?	Permit (MPP). Basically, the operation of Lugait Cement Plant falls
			on manufacturing which exclude them from securing MPP. It is



LGUs Covered by IEC	IEC Schedule/Dates	Issues Kaised/ Suggestions	Proponent's Response
ij.			also a matter of streamlining their respective activities in terms of
			compliance to the concerned government agencies. Holcim
			Resources Development Corporation (HRDC) is on the mining
			component while Holcim Philippines Inc. (HPHI) is on the
			processing of cement. Each company have different business
			activities and a matter of complying to SDMP regulated by the
			MGB-DENR only pertains to the operation of HRDC and nothing to
			do with the processing facility. However, this concern will be
			properly documented and bring to the knowledge of the
			proponent to provide necessary action and coordination.
		The production expansion of	The agreement on the acquisition of the raw materials of HPHI
		HPHI will only earn them more	from the HRDC may have supported by legal arrangement as a two
		income while getting the raw	different company registered in the Securities and Exchange
		materials for free from the	Commission (SEC). While the statement of Mr. Augusto of getting
		HRDC	free raw materials from HRDC was hardly significant matter, the
			study team assured that this concern will be properly documented
			to bring to the knowledge of the proponent to provide necessary
			correction and clarification on the matter. As a background
			information, Mr. Augusto is also part of the MMT of the HRDC.
City Health Office of		EIA study team activity	The study team of Axceltechs Inc. was commissioned by HPHI to
lligan City			conduct the EIA for the ECC amendment application for the
			proposed expansion of Lugait Cement Plant. The study team is
			conducting an IEC, where project information is being



LGUs Covered by IEC	IEC Schedule/Dates	Issues Raised/ Suggestions	Proponent's Response
			disseminated to the host LGUs and other project stakeholders
			within the community.
		Data gathering	As suggested by Mr. Manarpaac, the best health data that the
			study team could acquire from the Iligan side is the barangay
			health data of Dalipuga due to its proximity to the HPHI processing
			plant. However, it was assured by Mr. Manarpaac that the HPHI
			was compliant in the standard air quality emission despite the dust
			generation. Being a resident in Dalipuga, Mr. Manarpaac also
		œ.	mentioned that no complaint ever been filed to their office about
			the project's operation and serious impact to health.
		Health status in the area	As explained by Mr. Manarpaac, the Barangay Dalipuga and other
			areas in Iligan is an industrial zone. For those areas containing
			chemical industries, the city health generally observes some skin
			disease while those industry emitting dusts including Barangay
			Dalipuga, some observed diseases were respiratory related
			sickness. However, these are merely a general observation and do
			not point out certain industry that causes such diseases.
Barangay Dalipuga,	Barangay Hall of	Air pollution monitoring	The proposed expansion will definitely address the air emission
Iligan City	Dalipuga; February		from the cement plant wherein the machineries and equipment
	15, 2019; 2:30 pm		are armed with modern technology and is fuel efficient. This is to
			ensure that the air quality emission from the HPHI Lugait Cement
			Plant is within the DENR standards. Presently, the cement plant is
			being managed by Holcim Philippines Inc. (HPHI), formerly owned



LGUs Covered by IEC	IEC Schedule/Dates	Issues Raised/ Suggestions	Proponent's Response
			by Floro Cement Corporation. Unlike the previous operation of
			Floro Cement, HPHI employs Continuous Emission Monitoring
			System (CEMS) where the regular monitoring of air emission with
			respect to the air quality standards is being done with the
			computer database and regularly reported to the DENR. HPHI was
			compliant with its environmental responsibilities wherein the
			impacts to the communities and environment were regularly
			monitored and reported to the EMB Region 10 Office.
		Guarantee of the people that	The air pollution monitoring or the CEMS of the plant facility will
		the air quality monitoring will	provide close monitoring and automatically give signal to alarm
		not exceed on the DENR	the facility as well as DENR Regional Office if ever the emission
		standards	exceeds on the air quality standards. The quarterly monitoring
			report also contain the results of air monitoring, a copy of this
			document can be requested from Barangay Dalipuga through
			Barangay Captain Hanoy for transparency purposes. As
			mentioned by Ms. Dorato of EMB Region 10, they will also monitor
			the air quality emission and will immediately provide necessary
			actions if ever the facility exceeds with the standards to ensure
			and address the possible adverse impacts to the community.
		Posting the air quality testing	As suggested by the representative of EMB Region 10, air quality
		result	monitoring results can be posted in a conspicuous place in the
			barangay for the public to see. The management of HPHI may also
			consider the provision of putting viewing monitor within the plant



LGUs Covered by IEC IEC Schedule/Dates	IEC Schedule/Dates	Issues Raised/ Suggestions	Proponent's Response
			premises that display the air quality result coming from the
			monitoring system of the plant facility. This suggestion will be
			considered by the management of HPHI.
		Indigenous People involvement	As suggested by the Higaonon leader representing the indigenous
		in the project	people in the barangay, IPs should be considered in the
			formation of MMT. In this way collaborative efforts will be
			obtained along with the equal privileges given to the community
			for employment, project benefits and community programs.
			Moreover, flashfloods and other disaster will be prevented
			through collaborative planning wherein the indigenous
			communities and ancestral land will be protected.

PRO-FORMA STAKEHOLDER IDENTIFICATION MATRIX

	Potei	Potential Impact Areas	Basis for selection of sector as a stakeholder of the project	Sectors/Sub-sectors Identified by Proponent to be Likely Stakeholders of the Project	Specific Organizations/Entities Likely to be Invited to IEC/Site Scoping as Representing the Sectoral Stakeholders
4		Direct Impact Area			
	1	Poblacion	Local government of the barangay has direct political jurisdiction over the portions of the project area	Local Government Unit of Barangay officia Barangay Poblacion representatives Residents of Barangay Poblacion Residents near t	Barangay officials/ Barangay Council Purok and Sitio Leaders and representatives Residents near the Lugait Cement Manufacturing Plant premises



	Poter	Potential Impact Areas	Basis for selection of sector as a stakeholder of the project	Sectors/Sub-sectors Identified by Proponent to be Likely Stakeholders of the Project	Specific Organizations/Entities Likely to be Invited to IEC/Site Scoping as Representing the Sectoral Stakeholders
					Representative from local organizations Members of Multi-partite monitoring team
					(MMT) of HPHI Project
	2	Barangay Dalipuga		Local Government Unit of	Barangay officials/ Barangay Council
			barangay has direct political jurisdiction over the portions of the project area	Barangay Dalipuga Residents of Barangay Dalipuga	Purok and Sitio Leaders and representatives
					Residents near the Lugait Cement Manufacturing Plant premises
					Representative from local organizations
	-				Members of Multi-partite monitoring team (MMT) of HPHI Project
В		LGUs with political ju	LGUs with political jurisdiction over the project area		
	Н	Municipality of	Barangay Poblacion is located	Municipal Office	Mayor / Representative
		Oriental		City Environmental and Natural Resources Office (CENRO)	CENRO Officer/Representative
				Municipal Health Office	Municipal Health Officer/ Representative
					Municipal Planning and Development
		r.		Municipal Planning and Develonment Office (MPDC)	Coordinator (MPDC)
					Representatives from different sectors in Lugait, Misamis Oriental



			Basis for selection of sector as	Sectors/Sub-sectors Identified	Specific Organizations/Entities Likely to
Δ.	oten	Potential Impact Areas		by Proponent to be Likely	be Invited to IEC/Site Scoping as
				stakeholders of the Project	Representing the Sectoral Stakeholders
	7	lligan City	Barangay Dalipuga is located within the City of Iligan	Office of the Mayor	Mayor / Representative
				City Environmental and	CEMO Officer/Representative
				Management Office (CEMO)	2. (1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 4. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
				City Health Office	Municipal Health Officer/ Representative
					Municipal Planning and Development
				City Planning and Development Office (CPDC)	Coordinator (CPDC)
					Representatives from different sectors in Iligan City
	3	Province of Misamis	Lugait is one of the	Provincial Office	Governor/ Vice Governor / Representative
		Oriental	municipalities within the		
	†		province of Misamis Oriental	Provincial Environmental and Natural Resources Office	Representative of PENRO
				(PENRO)	
	4	Province of Lanao	lligan City is geographically	Provincial Office	Governor/ Vice Governor / Representative
			Lanao del Norte	Provincial Environmental and Natural Resources Office (PENRO)	Representative of PENRO
J		Other evident pre-ide	ntified areas of potential impact (r	 Other evident pre-identified areas of potential impact (may be candidates for Indirect Impact Areas, subject to EIA Findings)	ct Areas, subject to EIA Findings)
,					(100
	\vdash	Barangay Biga, Lugait	Barangay is the adjacent barangay next to Poblacion	Nearby communities and barangay officials	Barangay Captain / Representative Barangay Officials
			within the municipality of		
			Lugait		Barangay Kagawad for Environment Sector/Representative



Basis for selection of sectors Sectors/Sub-sectors Identified Specific Organizations/Entities in Specific Organizations Stakeholders of the Project Stakeholders of the Polaring Stakeholders of the Project Stakeholders of the Stakeholders of the Project Stakeho					
Barangay Lower Barangay is the adjacent Nearby communities and Talacogon, Lugait within the municipality of Lugait Barangay is the adjacent Nearby communities and Talacogon, Lugait barangay is the adjacent barangay officials within the municipality of Lugait Lugait Barangay Bunawan, Barangay is the adjacent Nearby communities and Lugait barangay is the adjacent Nearby communities and barangay Bunawan, Barangay is the adjacent barangay officials within the city of Iligan	Poter	ntial Impact Areas		Sectors/Sub-sectors Identified by Proponent to be Likely Stakeholders of the Project	Specific Organizations/Entities Likely to be Invited to IEC/Site Scoping as Representing the Sectoral Stakeholders
Barangay Lower Barangay is the adjacent Nearby communities and parangay officials within the municipality of Talacogon, Lugait barangay is the adjacent barangay officials within the municipality of Lugait barangay is the adjacent barangay officials within the municipality of Lugait barangay is the adjacent barangay bunawan, Barangay is the adjacent barangay officials barangay within the city of Iligan Nearby communities and barangay is the adjacent barangay officials barangay officials within the city of Iligan					Representative/official of other concerned
Barangay Upper Barangay is the adjacent Nearby communities and parangay officials within the municipality of Lugait Lugait Barangay Bunawan, Barangay is the adjacent barangay officials within the city of Iligan Barangay Bunawan, Barangay is the adjacent barangay officials within the city of Iligan	2	Barangay Lower Talacogon, Lugait	Barangay is the adjacent barangay next to Poblacion within the municipality of	Nearby communities and barangay officials	Barangay Captain / Representative Barangay Officials
Barangay Upper Barangay is the adjacent harangay officials within the municipality of Lugait Barangay Bunawan, Barangay is the adjacent barangay officials barangay next to Dalipuga barangay officials within the city of Iligan					Sector/Representative Representative/official of other concerned local organizations in the barangay
Barangay is the adjacent Nearby communities and ligan City barangay next to Dalipuga barangay officials within the city of Iligan	က	Barangay Upper Talacogon, Lugait	Barangay is the adjacent barangay next to Poblacion within the municipality of Lugait	Nearby communities and barangay officials	Barangay Captain / Representative Barangay Officials Barangay Kagawad for Environment Sector/Representative Representative/official of other concerned local organizations in the barangay
	4	Barangay Bunawan, Iligan City	Barangay is the adjacent barangay next to Dalipuga within the city of Iligan	Nearby communities and barangay officials	Barangay Captain / Representative Barangay Officials Barangay Kagawad for Environment Sector/Representative Representative/official of other concerned local organizations in the barangay



roposed Lugait Plant Expansion Project

Potei	Potential Impact Areas	Basis for selection of sector as a stakeholder of the project	Sectors/Sub-sectors Identified by Proponent to be Likely Stakeholders of the Project	Specific Organizations/Entities Likely to be Invited to IEC/Site Scoping as Representing the Sectoral Stakeholders
ı,	Barangay Kiwalan, Iligan City	Barangay is the adjacent barangay next to Dalipuga	Nearby communities and barangay officials	Barangay Captain / Representative Barangay Officials
		Within the city of high		Barangay Kagawad for Environment Sector/Representative
				Representative/official of other concerned local organizations in the barangay

Prepared by:

Molinda P. Francisco EIA People Module Preparer



Annex D – Result of Preliminary Perception Survey



Based on DENR Administrative Order No. 2017-5 (Guidelines on Public Participation under the Philippine Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) System, stakeholder involvement shall be initiated early through Information and Education Communication (IEC) and preliminary perception survey prior to scoping activities.

Initial stakeholder identification was undertaken, the direct impact areas or host barangays are Barangay Poblacion, Lugait, Misamis Oriental and Sitio Mapalad, Barangay Dalipuga, Iligan City, Lanao del Norte. The indirect barangays within the municipality of Lugait are Barangays Biga, Lower Talacogon, Upper Talacogon, while those indirect barangays within the side of Iligan City are Barangays Bunawan and Kiwalan.

IEC was conducted in the 2 direct impact barangays of Poblacion, Lugait and Dalipuga, Iligan City through barangay consultations. This was attended by different stakeholders from the barangay and host municipality and city. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) process and brief project description were presented during the barangay consultation which was followed the open forum were the participants raised their issues and concerns. The following groups and representatives of the different concerned LGUs and government offices have been the audience of the IEC conducted on February 13-15, 2019;

Misamis Oriental - Host Province

- 1) Environmental Management Bureau Region 10 (EMB-10)
- 2) Department of Trade and Industry (DTI)
- 3) Provincial Environment and Natural Resource Office, Misamis Oriental (PENRO-MISOR)

Lugait, Misamis Oriental - Host Municipality

1) Municipal Planning and Development Office (MPDO)

Barangay Poblacion - Host Barangay

- 1) Members of Barangay officials/ Barangay Council
- 2) Purok Leaders and representatives
- 3) Senior Citizen's Association
- 4) Farmer's Association
- 5) Fisherfolks
- 6) Barangay Health Workers (BHWs)
- 7) CDW
- 8) Sangguniang Kabataan (SK)
- 9) Lugait Central School
- 10) Women's Association



Iligan City, Lanao del Norte

- 1) Environmental Management Bureau Region 10 (EMB-10)
- 2) Department of Education (DepED)
- 3) City Environment and Natural Resource Office, Iligan City (CENRO)
- 4) City Health Office

Barangay Dalipuga - Host Barangay (FGDs)

- 1) Members of Barangay officials/ Barangay Council
- 2) Purok Leaders and representatives
- 3) Daycare workers
- 4) IPMR
- 5) Senior Citizen's Association
- 6) Religious sector
- 7) Fisherfolks
- 8) Barangay Health Workers (BHWs)
- 9) Barangay Nutrition Scholar
- 10) Women's Association

An initial perception survey was performed right after the open forum participated by the IEC attendees. An overall total of 68 survey forms were completed representing 45 survey respondents from Barangay Poblacion, Lugait and 22 respondents from Barangay Dalipuga, Iligan City.

The results of the initial perception surveys are presented in this report. In addition, a summary of findings as well as the recommendations on how to further improve project information dissemination were also tackled.



Proposed Lugait Plant Expansion Project Initial Perception Survey Results

Project Background Information

Holderbank Financiere Glaris, the old name of Holcim started its presence in the Philippines as early as 1970's in partnership with Iligan Cement owned by Alcantara Group and another cement plant in Surigao City, PACEMCO. But eventually opt to sell its stake in those 2 plants and concentrated in Union and Alsons in the late 90's. Holcim Lugait Plant was originally built as Floro Cement Corporation and started commercial operations in 1972 with a brief closure in 1985 and re-opened in 1988.

Acquired by the Alcantara Group of Companies in 1991 and was renamed Alsons Cement Corporation. Alsons Merged with Phinma Group of Companies in 2003 under the company name Union Cement Corporation.

In 2005, Union Cement Corporation becomes what is now Holcim Philippines Inc. with 4 plants operating at Full Capacity (La Union, Bulacan, Lugait and Davao Plants with Cement Terminal in Batangas and Grinding Plant in Mabini Batangas.)

In 2015, Holcim Philippines Inc. became a member of the LafargeHolcim Group which was formed by the merger of cement companies Lafarge and Holcim.

With the growing demand of cement products in the country, HPHI Lugait proposes to reactivate the currently mothballed Line 1 and to optimize the production process of Line 2 to support the increase in cement production capacity. With the proposed modification, HPHI will undergo an ECC amendment to be applied at the DENR-EMB Central Office. Part of the Environmental Impact Assessment pre-scoping process is the conduct of preliminary perception survey and Information, Education and Communication (IEC).

Awareness and General Understanding on the Proposed Project

A. Awareness on the Lugait Cement Plant

Table A.1 shows the percentage of awareness about the Lugait cement processing plant operation. Almost Eighty-seven percent (87%) are aware about the HPHI facility and existing operation while around 13% were unaware on the project operation. Almost 56% of the total 59 aware respondents stated that they know the cement plant operation for more than 5 years while



around 37% only known the project's existence for less than 5 years. The details were presented in the following table.

Table A.1 Awareness on the Cement Processing Plant Operation. 2019

Awareness of the Existing operation of HPHI		oblacion	D	alipuga	Total	
Lugait PLant	#	%	#	%	#	%
Aware	45	97.83%	14	63.64%	59	86.76%
Not aware	1	2.17%	8	36.36%	9	13.24%
Total	46	100.00%	22	100.00%	68	100.00%
How long have you known the cement processing plant operation?	#	%	#	%	#	%
Less than 1 year	15	33.33%	5	35.71%	20	33.90%
1 to 3 years	0	0.00%	1	7.14%	1	1.69%
3 to 5 years	1	2.22%	0	0.00%	1	1.69%
More than 5 years	27	60.00%	6	42.86%	33	55.93%
No answer	2	4.44%	2	14.29%	4	6.78%
Total	45	100.00%	14	100.00%	59	100.00%

Source: Perception Survey February 12 and 15, 2019

B. Awareness on the Proposed Expansion Project

The respondents were asked if they are aware about the proposed expansion of the HPHI Lugait Plant. Fifty-eight of the respondents said that they are aware of the planned expansion, while 10 respondents are not aware on the proposed expansion. The respondents who were aware of the expansion project (58 respondents) were then asked about their sources of information about the project expansion. Twenty-six respondents (45%) learned about the project expansion from consultation conducted in the barangay while 16 respondents (28%) learned about the proposed expansion from project employees. Nine respondents (16%) of the total aware respondents learned it from barangay officials. Around 10% (6 respondents) learned about the project expansion from other sources such as TV and radios, from family members, neighbors and community sectors or barangay workers. The details of the project awareness and sources of information were presented in the following table.



Table B.1 Awareness on the Lugait Processing Plant Proposed Expansion. 2019

Awareness of the HPHI Lugait Expansion	P	oblacion		Dalipuga		Total
Project	#	%	#	%	#	%
	4		1		5	
Aware	4	95.65%	4	63.64%	8	85.29%
					1	
Not aware	2	4.35%	8	36.36%	0	14.71%
	4	100.00	2		6	100.00
Total	6	%	2	100.00%	8	%
Sources of Project Information	#	%	#	%	#	%
	1				2	
Consultation conducted in the barangay	9	43.18%	7	50.00%	6	44.83%
	1				1	
Project employee	3	29.55%	3	21.43%	6	27.59%
Barangay/City Officials	8	18.18%	1	7.14%	9	15.52%
Neighbor	3	6.82%	0	0.00%	3	5.17%
Family/ household members	1	2.27%	0	0.00%	1	1.72%
Radio	0	0.00%	1	7.14%	1	1.72%
Television	0	0.00%	1	7.14%	1	1.72%
No answer	0	0.00%	1	7.14%	1	1.72%
	4	100.00	1		5	100.00
Total	4	%	4	100.00%	8	%

Source: Perception Survey February 12 and 15, 2019

The survey also asked the respondents to identify the proponent of the processing plant. Only Six respondents (9%) identified the project proponent as HPHI, while 24 respondents (35%) simply knew the proponent as Holcim which can be Holcim Philippines Inc. (HPHI) or the Holcim Resources and Development Corporation (HRDC), responsible on the quarrying component in the area. About 6 respondents (9%) thought that the project is owned by Holcim Cement Corporation while 2 respondents from Dalipuga identified the proponent as Alcantara Group of Companies.

Table B.2 Awareness on the Project Proponent. 2019

Lugait Cement Plant Project Proponent			Water and the same				
		oblacion	D	alipuga	Total		
		%	#	%	#	%	
Holcim	22	47.83%	2	9.09%	24	35.29%	
Holcim Philippines Inc. (HPHI)	4	8.70%	2	9.09%	6	8.82%	
Holcim Cement Corporation	6	13.04%	0	0.00%	6	8.82%	



Lugait Cement Plant Project	P	oblacion	D	alipuga	Total		
Proponent	#	%	#	%	#	%	
Alcantara Group of Companies	0	0.00%	2	9.09%	2	2.94%	
No answer	14	30.43%	16	72.73%	30	44.12%	
Total	46	100.00%	22	100.00%	68	100.00%	

Source: Perception Survey February 12 and 15, 2019

The results presented in the above **Table B.2** showed that not all people are aware of the official name of the proponent of the cement manufacturing plant being presently run by HPHI. The results seem to show that the arrangements between HPHI and HRDC is not clear to many of the respondents. It is necessary for the company to continuously disseminate the correct information about HRDC, as a holder of the MPSA while HPHI as a processing company that manufacture the cement products. It is also necessary to provide brief information about the history of the company where the Alcantara Group of Companies were introduced as the former plant operator prior to HPHI.

C. Perceived Impacts of the Proposed Project

The respondents were asked about their opinions on the benefits of the proposed expansion of the cement plant. The question can accommodate multiple answers. Hence, the seventh column contains the percentage in relation to the total number of responses. The eight column contains the percentage in relation to the number of respondents.

Employment opportunities from expansion project was cited by 57 respondents (84%) and represents 20% of total responses. This high expectation on employment opportunities should be tempered because the project expansion is only about the increase of production capacity and only limited if no additional employee is required for the expansion. However, employment opportunity may still come from sub-contractor of the company that provides services inside the pre-construction stage activities in Line 1 and Line 2 facilities of the project.

The next six answers (medical mission, assistance to LGU projects, scholarship, skills training, additional income and business opportunity) represents 79% of total responses and usually acquired by the people through the SDMP formerly provided by both HPHI and HRDC and the CSR programs from previous years. This SDMP is presently being implemented by HRDC, while HPHI focused on the CSR programs for the community. Respondents were not fully aware of this arrangement and perceived that because of the expansion project, the amount allocated to fund the SDMP as well as CSR programs will increase and be used as additional funds to finance these benefits. It is important to provide correct information about this topic including the basis of



exclusion of HPHI in providing funds for the SDMP and the on-going CSR programs of the HPHI for the community. The details are shown in the following **Table C.1 Benefits of the Proposed Project. 2019**.

Table C.1 Benefits of the Proposed Project. 2019

Benefits of the proposed	Po	blacion	D	alipuga		Total	% of
project expansion	#	%	#	%	#	%	Respondents
Employment	39	18.22%	18	23.38%	57	19.59%	83.82%
Medical mission	33	15.42%	11	14.29%	44	15.12%	64.71%
Assistance on the barangay							
and community projects of							
the municipality/city	30	14.02%	13	16.88%	43	14.78%	63.24%
Scholarship	32	14.95%	11	14.29%	43	14.78%	63.24%
Skills training	29	13.55%	9	11.69%	38	13.06%	55.88%
Additional income	26	12.15%	9	11.69%	35	12.03%	51.47%
Business opportunity	22	10.28%	4	5.19%	26	8.93%	38.24%
School reading Lab for							
Lugait Center	2	0.93%	0	0.00%	2	0.69%	2.94%
No idea/no comment	1	0.47%	2	2.60%	3	1.03%	4.41%
		100.00		100.00			
Total	214	%	77	%	291	100.00%	
* Multiple answers							

Source: Perception Survey February 12 and 15, 2019

In terms of project's impact to the communities, 52 respondents (54%) expressed positive opinions in favor of the project. Thirty-seven respondents (54%) were in the opinion that the proposed expansion will provide employment opportunities and additional income while 13 respondents (19%) were expecting that different projects will continue to assist the LGU projects, social and economic program and overall development of environment, health and safety of the community.

Five respondents (7%) perceived negatively on the expansion project. Despite the development being provided by the company, 3 respondents (4%) thought that the expansion project will still continue to pose a threat on the health of the community through the dusts or air emission that will escape from the filtering mechanism of the facility while 2 respondents (3%) are thinking that the expansion will create water pollution that will affect the receiving water bodies and livelihood



of the fishermen. The details are shown in **Table C.1 Impacts of the Proposed Project to the Community. 2019.**

Table C.1 Impacts of the Proposed Project to the Community. 2019

Project's Impact to People		Poblacion		alipuga	Total	
Project's impact to People	#	%	#	%	#	%
Positive Impacts						
Employment opportunity and additional income	31	67.39%	6	27.27%	37	54.41%
Assistance to the community development						
programs of the barangay	4	8.70%	3	13.64%	7	10.29%
Possible increase of Social & Economic Program	0	0.00%	3	13.64%	3	4.41%
Improvement on the environment, health and						
safety of the community	2	4.35%	1	4.55%	3	4.41%
Business and economic development	1	2.17%	1	4.55%	2	2.94%
Sub-total Sub-total	6	13.04%	14	63.64%	52	76.47%
Negative impacts						
Air pollution that will affect the health of the						
community	1	2.17%	2	9.09%	3	4.41%
Water pollution that will affect the fishermen's						
livelihood	1	2.17%	1	4.55%	2	2.94%
Sub-total Sub-total	2	4.348%	3	13.64%	5	7.35%
None	3	6.52%	1	4.55%	4	5.88%
No idea/No comment	3	6.52%	4	18.18%	7	10.29%
Sub-total Sub-total	6	13.04%	5	22.73%	11	16.18%
Grand total	14	30.43%	22	100.00%	68	100.00%

Source: Perception Survey February 12 and 15, 2019

It should be pointed out that 11 respondents (16%) did not give any positive or negative impacts on the proposed expansion project on their communities. Seven respondents (10%) did not express their opinions while 4 respondents (6%) did not see any impacts arising out of the expansion project.

The respondents were asked about the possible impacts of the expansion project on their environment. Thirty-four respondents (50%) expressed positive opinions on the expansion project impacts on the environment while 11 respondents (16%) had their negative opinions about the project. Twenty-three respondents (34%) did not give any positive or negative opinions on the proposed expansion



Twenty-four respondents believe that the project expansion will promote clean environment as long as the safety process is secured and all the mitigating measures were properly implemented at all times. Around 10% of the respondents perceived that the project expansion will increase taxes that finance the LGU programs in bringing overall development in the environment and to the community as well. Two respondents perceived of employment opportunity while 1 respondent provide suggestion in increasing information drive about the project's impact to environment.

Nine out of the 11 negative impacts believe that the project expansion will cause air pollution while the other 2 responses is about pollution arising from improper disposal of solid waste and flooding originated from mining activities. The other details are shown in the following **Table C.1** Impacts of the Proposed Project to the Environment. 2019

Table C.1 Impacts of the Proposed Project to the Environment. 2019

Project's Impact to Environment	Po	oblacion	D	alipuga	Total	
Project's impact to Environment	#	%	#	%	#	%
Positive Impacts	Managooso.					
Cleaner environment because of the safety						
process of cement manufacturing and continuous						
environmental management measures	18	39.13%	6	27.27%	24	35.29%
Increase of taxes bringing overall development of						
the barangay as well as environmental						
improvement	3	6.52%	1	4.55%	4	5.88%
It will help the community	1	2.17%	2	9.09%	3	4.41%
Employment opportunity	1	2.17%	1	4.55%	2	2.94%
Needs more information drive/ Advocacy on						
Environmental Effect.	0	0.00%	1	4.55%	1	1.47%
Sub-total Sub-total	23	50.00%	11	50.00%	34	50.00%
Negative Impacts						
Air pollution	5	10.87%	4	18.18%	9	13.24%
Solid waste generation and overall pollution	1	2.17%	0	0.00%	1	1.47%
Flooding due to mining	1	2.17%	0	0.00%	1	1.47%
Sub-total Sub-total	7	15.22%	4	18.18%	11	16.18%
No idea/No comment	14	30.43%	7	31.82%	21	30.88%
None	2	4.35%	0	0.00%	2	2.94%
Sub-total	16	34.78%	7	31.82%	23	33.82%



Project's Impact to Environment	Poblacion		Dalipuga		Total	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
Grand total	46	100.00%	22	100.00%	68	100.00%

Source: Perception Survey February 12 and 15, 2019

D. General Opinion about the Proposed Project Expansion

Finally, the respondents were asked about their opinion on the proposed project. Forty-six respondents (68%) thought that the project will help the communities while 10 respondents (15%) thought that the project will be able to help their communities but not much. Overall, the positive opinions represent 56 respondents or merely 82% of total number of respondents. Three respondents (4%) thought that the project will be detrimental and will only bring negative impacts to the community while 1 respondent (1%) thought that the project will not help the community at all. The details are shown in the following **Table D.1 Opinion about the Proposed Project Expansion. 2019.**

Table D.1 Opinion about the Proposed Project Expansion. 2019

General opinion on the Project	P	Poblacion		Palipuga	Total	
General opinion on the Project	#	%	#	%	#	%
Will help a lot the community and local						
residents	36	78.26%	10	45.45%	46	67.65%
Will be able to help but not much	4	8.70%	6	27.27%	10	14.71%
Will not help the community at all	1	2.17%	0	0.00%	1	1.47%
Will be detrimental to the community	2	4.35%	1	4.55%	3	4.41%
No answer	3	6.52%	5	22.73%	8	11.76%
Total	46	100.00%	22	100.00%	68	100.00%

Source: Perception Survey February 12 and 15, 2019

E. Conclusions

The Holcim's project operation in Lugait had been in the area for more than decades now and its existence was reflected in the survey. Around 87% of respondents were aware of the Lugait Plant operation and out of the respondents who were aware 56% had known the cement manufacturing plant for more than 5 years.



Fifty-eight respondents (85%) were aware of the planned expansion project of Lugait Plant of HPHI and the primary source of information came from IEC barangay consultation (45%) and project employees (28%).

On awareness of project proponent, majority of the respondents simply identified the proponent as Holcim which generally leave the impression among the people that the mining component and manufacturing plant facility were still in the same management scheme of one company. It also reflected in the survey where some of the respondents perceived negative impacts that identify flooding threat due to mining activities. Respondents were not very familiar with the separation of mining and manufacturing facility as well as the management and corporate arrangement between HPHI and HRDC.

The track records of the two companies on providing benefits to the surrounding communities is properly documented in the results of the survey. The primary benefit derived from the overall project is employment and community projects under the SDMP and CSR programs of both companies.

Some respondents perceived that the expansion project will continue to pose a threat on health of the community despite the air pollution control equipment installed and will be enhanced to trap the air pollutants and comply with the air quality standards of the DENR. Some are still worried that certain amount of pollutants will escape from the filtering device that will still cause pollution and health problems. It should be pointed out that the present performance of air quality emission complies with the standards, otherwise the facility will be ordered to stop in operation by the EMB-DENR if significant amount of air pollutants escape in the filtering device and exceed in the required air quality standard. The expansion will also replace existing machineries to provide a more efficient filtering device to trap a smaller particle and produce less pollutants on the air emission to the environment.

On the opinion of respondents about the proposed project expansion, more than 80% of the respondents expressed positive opinions about the proposed project. These responses came mainly from the different benefits and community projects from SDMP projects in the previous years which the community already received.

F. Recommendations

While these results provide the initial perception of the people about the proposed project, it is important to continuously disseminate the correct and detailed project information to the people in Lugait and Iligan City to avoid misconceptions about the project.



Generally, from the consultation conducted, few participants suggested to have a more simplified project presentation for better understanding about the project. IEC leaflet material can be reproduced by the proponent as part of the continuous IEC being conducted by the Community Relations (COMREL) Department of HPHI for distribution to local residents especially those situated near the Lugait cement plant facility and other concerned groups and local residents. The contents of the IEC leaflet material should comply with the requirements set forth in Section 6 of DAO No. 2017-5. However, it is still necessary to provide a more intensive IEC activities where the concerned residents will be given the opportunity to raise their concerns about the proposed project.

While the project proponent is HPHI, recommendations may also be extended to HRDC because whatever one company is doing will inevitably affect the other. Perceptions of residents with the operations of HRDC will also affect HPHI and inversely, the operations of HPHI will also affect the perceptions on HRDC.

Under one umbrella corporation, HPHI and HRDC have encouraged transparency especially in their working relationships with the communities. Getting feedbacks on their operations from the host communities is a strategy to foster honesty, trust and a mechanism to further improve their operations through comments and observations from the residents. Hence, further efforts should be exerted to encourage more openness from the host communities.